

A background image of numerous white mushrooms, likely button mushrooms, growing on a bed of straw or similar organic material. The mushrooms are in various stages of growth, with some showing their gills.

# **Mushroom Research Update**

## **Teagasc Kinsealy**

**Helen Grogan**

# Mushroom Research & Advisory Group

## Advisors:

Gerry Walsh, Gorey, Co. Wexford  
Tom Kellegher, Monaghan

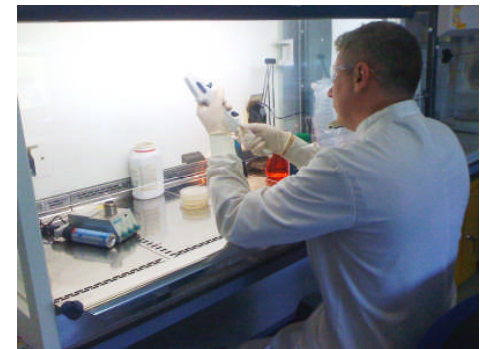
## Kinsealy Research Centre

Research Leader  
Technologist  
Experimental Officers

Helen Grogan  
Brian McGuinness  
Pat Raftery  
Oliver Sheridan

## Walsh Fellows:

Balasubramanian Velusami	UCD, Dublin
Matthew O'Brien	NUI, Maynooth
Greg Deakin	Reading University, UK



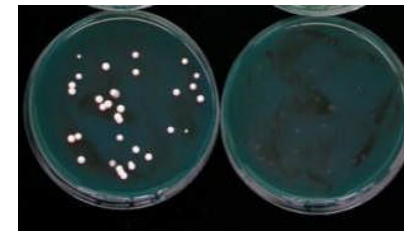
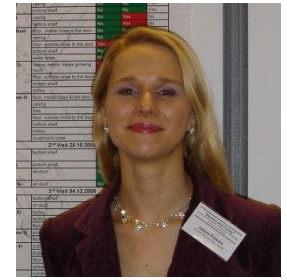
# (1) Recently Completed Research

Measuring and managing Dry Bubble disease pressure on mushroom farms.

Dr. Justyna Piasecka (2010)

## Key Results:

- Useful selective medium for *Verticillium*
- Live *Verticillium* was detectable:-
  - on most farms
  - most locations
  - different crop stages
- Live *Verticillium* was detected on 5 farms with no obvious dry bubble disease!



## (2) Recently Completed Research

**Epidemiology, diagnostics and quality aspects of “brown mushroom syndrome” associated with Mushroom-Virus X (MVX). DAFF RSF Project 07-547.**

- Collaborative project between Teagasc, AFBI and DIT
- Dr. Caoimhe Fleming-Archibald, Ms. Angela Ruggiero,
- Industry participation and survey

### Key Results

- “Brown Mushroom” symptoms are caused by an “infection”
- Time of infection dictates the severity of the symptoms observed
  - **Infection at spawning generally produces few symptoms**
  - **Infection at the end of spawn run or at casing produces most symptoms**
- FTIR method may be useful to discriminate between MVX infected and non-infected mushrooms
- Improved molecular method shows promise for detection in mushroom compost





# (3) Ongoing Research

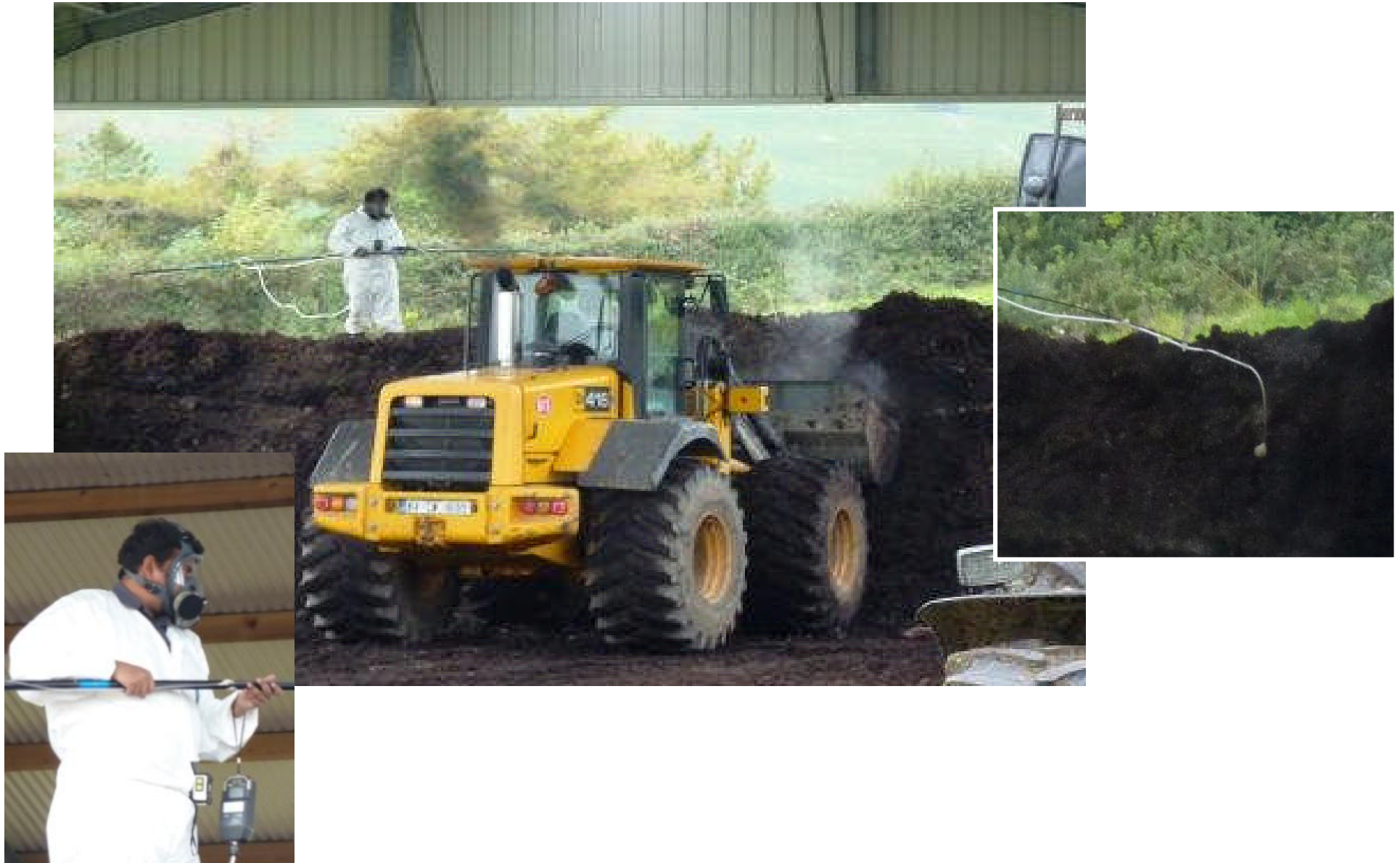
**Dynamics of hydrogen sulphide gas production in spent mushroom substrate (SMS) during disturbance and removal**

Walsh Fellow: Balasubramanian Velusami (UCD).


- Collaborative work with Dr Tom Curran, UCD
- Industry participation – 4 commercial storage sites were studied



# Monitoring emissions



# Summary of results

Site	Heap Size (m <sup>3</sup> )	% moisture	Heap Temp °C	Max H <sub>2</sub> S Conc above SMC Face
1 Outdoor	2000	69 ± 2	30 ± 7	680
2 Outdoor	2300	70 ± 1	28 ± 3	<b>2083</b> 
3 Indoor	1800	<b>65 ± 4</b>	<b>46 ± 3</b>	687
4 Indoor	600	<b>61 ± 7</b>	37 ± 4	89

# Equipment Used for Monitoring H<sub>2</sub>S Gas Emissions



**QRAE+**

**H<sub>2</sub>S : 1 - 250 mg/kg**  
Data Logging: 1 Min/ 60 hrs  
RAE Systems Inc



**QRAE II**



**iTX**

**H<sub>2</sub>S : 1 - 1000 mg/kg**  
Data Logging: 1 Min/ 360 hrs  
Industrial Scientific Inc

## Respiratory protection





# Conclusions

- Real H<sub>2</sub>S risk when working with stored SMC
- Lower % moisture and cooler temperatures reduce H<sub>2</sub>S levels
- Indoor storage and smaller sized heaps are preferential
- H<sub>2</sub>S personal monitors should be worn by operatives
- Operatives should take regular breaks
- Protective H<sub>2</sub>S-specific face mask recommended

# (4) Ongoing Research

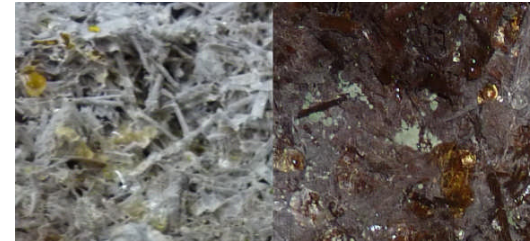
**Epidemiology and detection of *Trichoderma aggressivum* with particular reference to mushroom compost production in Bulk Phase 3 systems.**

Walsh Fellow: Matthew O'Brien, NUI Maynooth

- Collaborative work with Dr Kevin Kavanagh, NUI
- Done in collaboration with HDC and FERA, UK

Key results:

- *T. aggressivum* sporulates less prolifically in the dark
- Good detection system for *T. aggressivum* in compost
- Bulk phase 3 compost can be infected at the end of spawn run



## (5) Future Research -



**MushTV: Solutions for the mushroom industry to emerging disease threats from *Trichoderma* and Virus**

EU FP7 funding - €2.5 million; 16 Collaborators; 5 countries;

- Final stages of negotiations
- Due to start 1 January 2012
- 3 Years
- 30+ participants
- 300+ growers and composters to benefit

# Work Packages:

- WP 1 Identification of Alternative Disinfectant products and methods
- WP 2 MVX characterisation, diagnostics and biology
- WP 3 Volatile based diagnostic method for *Trichoderma aggressivum* detection in compost
- WP 4 Investigations to locate reservoirs of *Trichoderma* and MVX on mushroom facilities
- WP 5 Evaluation of the biopesticide *Bacillus subtilis* for the control of pathogens
- WP 6 *Trichoderma* growth in phase 3 compost
- WP 7 Tracking the incidence and spread of MVX inoculum on mushroom facilities
- WP 8 Dissemination and training activities





THE CIRCA GROUP  
EUROPE



# Acknowledgements:

## DAFF – Stimulus Fund

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Dr. Jesus Frias (DIT)

Dr. Leixuri Aguirre (DIT)

Dr. Laura Alvarez (DIT)

Mairead Kilpatrick (AFBI, NI)

## Growers, composters, Allied Trades

## Teagasc:

Brian McGuinness

Gerry Walsh

Tom Kellegher

Pat Raftery

Oliver Sheridan



National Development Plan 2007 - 2013



NUI MAYNOOTH

Ollscoil na hÉireann Má Nuad



The Irish Agriculture and Food Development Authority