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Eddie Doyle IFA Potato Chairman



Michael Hennessy *Tillage Specialist Teagasc*

IFA/Teagasc National Potato Conference 2016

Welcome to this year's National Potato Conference organised by the Irish Farmers' Association and Teagasc in association with Bord Bia.

Ireland's potato industry continues to face difficult challenges. 2015 saw the lowest area planted on record, which reflects the loss of confidence in the sector as a result of consecutive years of poor market returns. With some improvement this season and prospects remaining positive, the challenges of food deflation, retailer dominance, consumer trends and decline in fresh potato consumption continue to overshadow the industry.

The average farm gate price is up on last year but the grower still continues to be the poor relation within the supply chain. Retailers and facilitators continue to reap profits while the primary producer is left with the remainder, often at below the cost of production.

Current farm gate potato prices are only on the margins of sustainability. As storage costs increase into the spring, grower returns need to move in tandem, just to cover overheads incurred.

Other issues such as unjust tare levels and below cost selling, also jeopardise the viability of potatoes on farms.

The main theme of this year's conference centres on the EU Potato promotion campaign, *More Than A Bit On The Side*. In the first session Kantar Worldpanel will reveal a comprehensive market analysis of consumer trends. This will be followed by presentations on the promotion campaign and the nutritional and health benefits of potatoes.

The afternoon session will focus on crop agronomy, with speakers from Cambridge University Farms and Teagasc, to include details of the Irish salad potato initiative.

IFA and Teagasc acknowledge the presence and valued support today of industry associated exhibitors and conference sponsors.

We hope that you find this year's conference proceedings of benefit to you as you make decisions going forward in your business.

Eddie Doyle IFA Potato Chairman Michael Hennessy Head of Knowledge Transfer Crops, Teagasc



We are committed to opening new markets for the potato industry, supporting our core growers and welcoming new growers to our team.

Potato Co.

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Conference Programme

9.00 am Registration. Tea / Coffe

Chairman: Andy Doyle, Tillage Specialist, Irish Farmers' Journal

Messages from Conference Hosts: Jer Bergin, IFA Chairman Gerry Boyle, Director, Teagasc

> **Opening Address: Tom Hayes TD**, Minister of State at the Department of Agriculture, Food & the Marine

Session I

10.00 am

10.15 am	Chairman: Eddie Doyle, IFA Potato Chairman
	<i>Potato Trends in a Modern Market -</i> Cliona Lynch , Client Manager, Kantar Worldpanel
	<i>Making Potatoes More than a Bit on the Side -</i> Chris Linsell , Client Service Director, Kindred
	A New Chapter for Potatoes - Lorcan Bourke , Horticulture Division, Bord Bia
11.45	Changing Perceptions - The Nutritional Benefits of Potatoes - Aoife Hearne – Dietitian
12.30	Lunch – experience <i>potato.ie</i> recipes for EU Potato Promotion
C	

Session II

2.00 pm	Chairman: Andy Doyle, Tillage Specialist, Irish Farmers' Journal
	Salad Potato Initiative - Michael Hennessy , Head of Knowledge Transfer Crops, Teagasc
	Virus prevalence in the Irish Potato Crop - Fiona Hutton , Potato Programme Teagasc
	Yield formation and Nitrogen Interaction - Dr Marc Allison , Cambridge University Farms
3.30 pm - 4.30pm	Workshops with main speakers – to run concurrently (15 minutes each)
L	1. Viruses in Potatoes - Fiona Hutton & Michael Gaffney Teagasc
	2. Yield formation and Nitrogen Interaction – Marc Allison
	3. Potato Promotions & Social Media - Lorcan Bourke Bord Bia, Kate Cox AHDB Potatoes, Conor Lynch Connector
	Trade Show on-going throughout the afternoon from 12.30pm

Tea / Coffee at Trade Show in the afternoon





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National Potato Committee – 2016



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CORK (C)	John Griffin, Boycetown, Carrigaline	087 6876293
DONEGAL	Desmond Harkin, Carrowreagh, Bridgend	086 8552533
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Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine

Potato Seed Certification

Crop Policy, Production and Safety Division

Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine Administration Building Backweston Campus Celbridge Co Kildare W23 X3PH

Tel: +353 1 5058895
Email: potatoonline@agriculture.gov.ie
Website:
http://www.agriculture.gov.ie/farmingsectors/crops/potatoes/seedpotatocertificationscheme/

Ware Potato quality, labelling and associated plant health issues

The Department has a team of Inspectors based in its Horticulture & Plant Health Division that are involved in controls relating to the quality and labelling of ware potatoes as well as dealing with plant health issues that may arise in relation to the crop. In the event of concerns, queries or complaints regarding these matters please contact:

Horticulture & Plant Health Division

Department of Agriculture, Food and the Marine Administration Building Backweston Campus Celbridge Co Kildare W23 X3PH

Tel: +353 1 5058600





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Irish Potato Federation Contacts

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Opportunities for Growth

Conference Presentations Session I

Potato Trends in a Modern Market

Cliona Lynch, Client Manager, Kantar Worldpanel





















Making Potatoes More than a Bit on the Side

Chris Linsell, Client Service Director, Kindred



















National Potato Conference & Trade Showa 2016 Potato Conference & Trade Show 2016

Addressing Market Challeng Opportunities for Growth





Opportunities for Growth







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Opportunities for Growth

Changing Perceptions -The Nutritional Benefits of Potatoes

Aoife Hearne – Dietitian

"Changing Perceptions - The Nutritional Benefits of Potatoes"

Fresh potatoes are the only major carbohydrate grown in Ireland, and form the basis of a very important industry in Ireland – all other carbohydrates are largely imported - the Irish crop has lower food miles and definite advantages in terms for freshness and nutrient availability. From a nutrition point of view and a sustainability point of view potatoes are an essential component in a varied and balanced diet.

A little bit of history: Historically potatoes played an essential role in the diet especially pre famine Providing a healthy balance of unprocessed carbohydrates, calcium and esse and minerals when combined with milk. sential vitamins

Why is there a perception that potatoes are a 'problem' food in our diet?

No doubt this comes from the recent overweight and obesity statistics for Ireland which does not make for pretty reading from the recent Healthy Ireland Report.

Earlier this year, a WHO study suggested that Ireland is on track to become the fattest country in Europe by 2030 such is the escalation in obesity in Ireland in more recent years. They estimate that by 2030 in Ireland, 85% of women will be overweight and 57% obese and 89% of men will be overweight and 49% will be obese (Webber et al. The European Obese Model: the shape of things to come. European Association for Cardiovascular Prevention & Rehabilitation Amsterdam, 2014).

Carbo-phobia strikes hard and tries to take over the weight loss market!

Weight loss is big business and low carbohydrate diets are seriously trendy! The Paleo diet was the most googled diet in 2013 and there was a re-birth of the Atkins diet and low carbohydrate eating generally but what's the evidence for low carb eating and weight loss? It would seem to have lost a bit of momentum towards the end of 2015 but there is still big interest in this area. Interestingly the obesity crisis in Ireland was not as serious when

potato consumption was twice, three times, or if you go back far enough 20 times what it is today! Which leads to the question what does the evidence tell us about diets and weight loss?

To put it simply, the evidence tells us that diets don't work. A far more advantageous approach is a wellness approach. In fact research demonstrates that only 2% of poople worldwide who follow a diet to lose weight actually maintain weight loss. In fact most people who follow a diet to lose weight will actually end up heavier long term.

A little bit of science:

A little bit of science: Carbohydrates are an essential nutrient in the body. It's main function is for energy, however, It must be noted that it is the only energy source that is readily available for the brain to use. Therefore, adequate carbohydrate intake is essential for brain function. Carbohydrates play an additional and even more important role with athletes when they prepare their body for paek performance on the sporting field. In fact, at a recent international sports nutrition conference one of the worlds most eminent Sports Dietklän, Louise Burke's main message was: "When the going gets tough, the tough get arbohydrates

It is important that the public are made aware that not all carbohydrates are bad for you or make you fat! Despite the fact that there is a lot of negativity in the media around carbohydrates, we know that they are an essential part of a balanced and varied diet. Just like with other macronutrients (protein and fat) it is the amount and type you eat that is important

What carbohydrates 'should' we choose: The best choices are carbohydrate sources that are unprocessed and low in fat. There are many choices for the modern consumer with regards carbohydrate sources: potates rice, pasta, noodles, quinoa, couscous. However, it must be noted that potates are the most unprocessed of all of these choices.

Why eat potatoes:

- Potatoes form part of a healthy diet there is no evidence that avoiding potatoes is good for us the ultimate unprocessed food.
- Great source of potassium. Potassium is mineral that helps to maintain normal muscle function and importantly normal blood pressure. An average potato contains 18% of the RDA for potassium for the day.
- Excellent source of vitamin C. This helps with the absorption of iron and helps prevent anaemia and support the immune system. Vitamin C is also a powerful antioxidant. A potato contains more vitamin C than a tomato or same portion of sweet potato.
- Contain a variety of B vitamins (thiamine, niacin, riboflavin, folate and B6). These help with your metabolism and making sure you get the best energy from your food. · Source of calcium, magnesium and phosphorus in smaller amounts

NSIFCS (North/South Irish Food Consumption Study) identified that potatoes are an important source of vitamins and minerals in the Irish population

- Potatoes contributed: 27% vitamin C intake 17% Folate intake 10% Iron intake 20% Dietary Fibre
 - 11% Energy 17% Carbohydrate
 - 7% fat intake 6% protein intake

Things you may not know about the powerful potato: They are low in fat & saturated fat which help keep your heart healthy Low sugar food

- No salt
- Naturally gluten free so suitable for people with coeliac disease
- Suitable for all vegetarian and vegan diets
- An average baked potato in its skin has more fibre than 2 slices of wholemeal bread - An average baked potato in its skin has more fibre than 2 slices of wholemeal bread - Potatese are FODMAP friendly: The low FODMAP (Ferremettable Oligosaccharides, Disaccharides, Monosaccharides and Polyols) diet is gaining global momentum as a successful strategy to manage the symptoms of IBS (Intable Bowel Syndrome) and Interclonal gut disordres. IIS effects about 15% of the population and people can suffer from debilitating symptoms. The low FODMAP diet, when delivered by a FODMAP rained Dietilism, has been shown to be effective in up to 75% of cases. The potato is a low FODMAP food and therefore is very popular amongst low FODMAPers!! - Potatose are grown in practically every culture on the planet and sustain whole populations of countries – but this is what makes them exciting - there are recipes & ethnic uses of potatoses from every country in the Word Top tibs:
- Top tips:
- Watch your portions like all foods potatoes should be enjoyed in moderate amounts for best health.
- Don't peel it always eat the skin too. The skin is a great source of fibre and an average baked potato in its skin has more fibre than 2 slices of wholemeal bread!
- Don't add high fat foods limit the amount of butter, full fat cheese and sour cream on your potatoes as they add unnecessary calories and fat Variety is the spice of life so don't make the same boiled potatoes every day be inventive as potatoes are super versatile in cooking

· Go for baked (with skin), boiled, steamed or add to a salad or omelette

Conclusion:

In Ireland we need to re-lhink potatoes and how they have an important place in a balanced and varied diet. In line with many other traditional habits that we have lost, as a nation we need to re learn how to <u>use 'potatoes as an ingredient'</u> in a range of traditional and ethnic foods - there are many great recipes on www.potato.ie

We must not forget the basic fact that carbohydrates are essential for life. When choosing We must not forget the basic fact that carbohydrates are essential for life. When choosing carbohydrates left move back our focus on smart carbohydrate choices and choose unprocessed varieties. For health and weight loss we need to move away from the idea that following a diel is the best approach and instead move to a place where we are focusing on wellness, eating intultively and moving naturally. No doubt these are some of the healthy habits that were common with our ancestors and something we should aim to reclaim.

Thankfully – this new joint Bord Bia and Potato industry potato campaign can empower trish people to do just this, and in so doing increase consumption of potatoes at different times of the day, and in many different & exciting ways – currently there are almost 40 brand new tasty recipes to enjoy on <u>www.potato.ie</u>, with many more under development.



Conference Presentations Session II

Salad Potato Project

Michael Hennessy, Head of Knowledge Transfer Crops, Teagasc

The salad potato market is estimated to be 20,000-25,000 tonnes per year, with Irish growers supplying approx. 15-20% to this market. A group was set up to examine the salad potato market and what it could offer Irish growers. Increasing the area grown to salad potatoes will displace imported salad potatoes and will also help potato growers diversify existing ware production into this premium market. The production of salad potatoes requires considerable skill and a robust supply chain (from seed supply, agronomy, to final sale).

Coping with an expansion of salad potato is challenging. Potato farmers require the knowledge and support to enable them to make the necessary changes for a profitable and sustainable future. It is within this context the Salad Potato Project between Teagasc, Bord Bia and IFA was started to bridge the gaps in knowledge and promote salad potatoes.

The overall purpose of the programme is to increase the level of information to existing and new growers and ultimately increase the quantity of salad potatoes grown in Ireland.

The program has six main objectives:

- Grow the market for indigenously grown salad potatoes
- Increase the total quantity of salad potatoes grown in Ireland
- Increase the number of growers who supply salad potatoes
- Improve growers knowledge in all areas (agronomy/storage) of growing salad potatoes
- Upskill the industry on storage practices suitable for salad potatoes
- Leave a legacy of information for growers to use after the programme is finished.

The Salad Project in 2015

- 1. Information meetings were run at critical timings incorporating best practice and the latest research and also incorporated a demonstration site run by John Stafford, Wexford.
- 2. The project identified knowledge gaps and linked with SRUC Scotland to address these identified areas.
- 3. Data generated from the demonstration site included critical agronomic practices, canopy development, yields and skin finish which helped enormously to reinforce messages.
- 4. Provide up-to-date agronomy notes for growers at each meeting, building to a substantial volume of information over the three years which can be used in the future.

I would like to express my thanks and gratitude to John Stafford, Enniscorthy (Slaney Farms) and his farm manager Ed Tobin for all their efforts through the season to make the project a success.

















Virus prevalence in the Irish Potato Crop

Fiona Hutton, Teagasc, CELUP, Oak Park

SUMMARY

Virus diseases are of key importance in potato production and in particular for the production of disease free potato seed. Virus infection persists systemically and multiplies over successive seed generations causing a major problem for the potato industry worldwide.

Information from all known potato virus testing carried out by the Department of Agriculture Food and Marine in the years 2006-2012 was collated and analysed to give an indication of the distribution and incidence of potato virus in Ireland.

The most common virus was PVY found in 11% of samples tested, PVX was next most common in 5.4%, followed by PVA at 2.5%, both PVS and PLRV were under 1%. However, there was also significant variation in virus incidence between regions, varieties, years and seed classes.

PVX was high in the North of the country, PVY incidence was high in the North East Region and PVA incidence was highest in the South West followed by the West region. There was very little PVS incidence across all regions. PLRV incidence was relatively low across all regions with no incidence found in the South East region which may be attributed to higher altitudes.

Rooster and Kerr's Pink had the highest incidence of PVX, Lady Claire had the highest incidence of PVY and almost all samples that were PVA positive were in the variety Golden Wonder.

Virus incidence was highest in years when there were more days with weather suitable for aphid flight in May, June and July. Those conditions were low wind speeds (<3 km/hr), dry and with temperatures between 13 and 30 $^{\circ}$ C.

There was significantly higher incidence of virus in later generation seed which highlights the benefit of using high quality seed for the production of potato crops with low virus infection.











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Opportunities for Growth

Understanding limitations to potato yields

Marc Allison, NIAB CUF, Huntingdon Road Cambridge, CB3 0DL, UK

"understanding how potatoes grow determines how to grow potatoes" Allen & Scott (2001)

Potato growers in Ireland and the UK are striving to reduce production costs and increase yields in order to maintain the economic viability of their business. The purpose of this paper is to explore how yields are formed, what factors may be limiting them and how these limitations may be removed or reduced.

Work published by John Montieth in 1977 showed that that the yield of many crops was proportional to the amount of solar radiation absorbed by those crops. Subsequent studies have shown that the amount of radiation absorbed by the crop is proportional to crop ground cover (e.g. the percentage of available ground covered with green, productive potato leaves. Therefore, yield production is proportional to the extent and duration of the crop canopy. Long-term (1991-2015) weather data derived from NASA shows that when compared with Cambridge in the East of England receipts of solar radiation in Dublin are less particularly in July and August. To what extent does this reduction in summer sunlight affect the yield potential of potato crops? Work done at Cambridge University Farm has shown that reducing the amount of sunlight reaching the crop canopy by about 40% resulted in only a 15-20 % decrease in yield. This is because crops growing in duller conditions convert a larger proportion of the sunlight into yield that crops growing in bright conditions. Analysis of data has shown that the time-course of canopy development has a much larger effect on yield that how bright or dull the season is. In the northern hemisphere, day length reach a maximum around 21 June and to maximise yield potential the development of ground cover should be timed to coincide with this. Studies have shown each day's delay in crop emergence was associated with a decrease in yield of 0.25 t/ha. However, in the UK planted and emerging crops are at risk of frost whilst in Ireland, planting on the heaviertextured soils is often delayed due to them being slow to dry-out in the spring. Potato cultivations and planting in soils that are too wet results in damage to the soil structure which results in loss of yield potential. Survey data by Stalham et al (2005) showed that potentially two-thirds of the UK crop is grown in compacted soils and this limits potato yield and a similar situation probably exists in Ireland. Clearly, when soil conditions do become favourable it is imperative that these opportunities are exploited. Recent studies have shown that due to the availability of large, powerful tractors many growers de-stone their field deeper than is agronomically necessary and this is detrimental to yield. Shallower de-stoning often resulted in increased yield with no discernible effects on crop quality (e.g. bruising, greening etc.). However, shallower de-stoning was associated with faster work rates which are important since de-stoning is often the rate limiting step at planting. Further studies have shown that since the speed of tandem and 'trandem' de-stoners is dictated by slowest de-stoner operating them singly, in lands, speeds up the process. Detailed analysis of crop performance (using crop monitoring and modelling) has been useful in identifying the reasons for loss of yield potential. For example, this type of analysis has been used to show how much yield potential has been lost and the possible caused of this loss. This type of analysis is important since it helps growers identify the real cause of yield loss and thus where improvements need to be made. For example, growers often apply more N than is agronomically justified as 'insurance' to protect their yield potential against adverse weather and soil condition. Ongoing work has shown that these insurance applications are associated with significant reductions in yield due to the adverse effects of excess N on partitioning.

Whilst we cannot alter weather patterns, we can make sure that we have agronomic knowledge and resources to make sure that we maximise the yield potential of each field in each season.



(NIABCUF) Who we are and what we do stote Crop Makageman Aug Aller Austre Understanding limitations to vertagente 1.5. your time sering potato yield Court Finant Marc Allison. (Step London Send fil Mirt Blackers Sile Aruti DTLAND CON NIABCUF Potato Grop Managotrom 00000 / 19/00 Variety wistantion Receptorserant Relationship between ground cover, intercepted solar radiation and total dry matter yield Relationship between ware yield and radiation absorption \$ 1. Warfielb 1377 1917 71.000 yeard + 4.51 (100.127) + N² - 2011, P-+0.000 ğ 10 -Table instituted to atten option substan 5 3 12 15 Tarbo unitation about ad by cross (7 (24)) 22 country 2 shall also an appropriate with an alter Radiation receipts in Dublin and Effect of shading on yield of Desiree Cambridge COLUMN 1 Secondari Same the 115 10 22 0.172 0.110 10.7 11 20 20 May 11.154 11176 11 Pro-take senit 0.160 **GUNE** 13.4 王好 2.40 14 DUT 6..... 22.1 32 Agin teria. 1.11.0 181 żн Satisfied DARK . 0112 33.6 10 π Ottobel inter a 6.00 41.4 Mak Astak WAN Prove LANC, Detellar der data 1991-2015 Drass inigensities a grow 200 kg Whe Variation in canopy development in Ground cover development in relation to Rooster, Ireland 2001 solar radiation 1001 111 der1 100 2823 Σ^{0} 38 긆 ine's 100 17 90 I ខ្លីមេ 40] 10 100 . 331 37 inter, (Mor 1 Apr 1 Nor 2 hor 3 lot 8 day, 1 her 4 th: 4 hor The 21 km 2 hd 264













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Opportunities for Growth

Notes