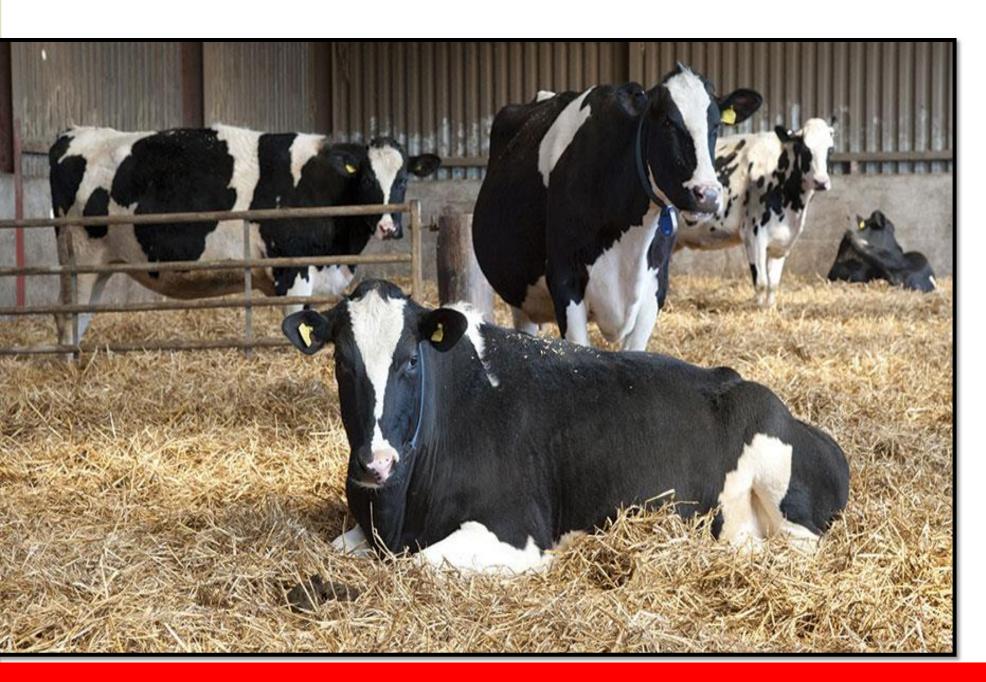


Minimizing thermoduric numbers in bulk tank milk





Problem:

- ✓ Thermoduric bacteria can withstand pasteurisation temperatures management
- ✓ Can negatively impact on the quality of dairy products
 - Limit the shelf life of pasteurised milk
 - Spoilage of products such as milk powder, cheese & butter



Thermoduric levels:

Critical to minimize numbers in raw milk Good: < 200 cfu/ mL Penalty: ≥ 500 cfu/ mL

Critical control points

- Cow management: clean and dry teats prior to cluster attachment, trim cow tails × 3 yearly
- Clean environment: collecting yards, roadways
- Effective wash routine: hot water (70 80°C, vital), acid washes, peracetic acid extra rinse, use sufficient volume of detergent wash solution

Other influencing factors

- Very dry or wet weather (soil on teats): teat preparation is critical
- Replace old rubberware
- Efficient milk cooling important-plate cooler, storage temperature 3 to 4°C

Take home message

Cow management, clean environment and effective wash routine = low thermoduric levels