

#### Background

#### Requirement to carbon footprint of Irish dairy systems







**Rapeseed Meal** 

Methane reducing feed additives

Home-grown protein sources

### Winter-milk herd profile

- 90 high EBI HF cows (€205)
- Calving begins ~11<sup>th</sup> Sept, completed by 1<sup>st</sup> Dec
- 6-wk calving rate 77%
- Milk yield (kg) Milk protein (%) Milk fat (%) MS yield (kg)

# Johnstown Castle winter-mik



Field Beans

Cumulative milk performance 2021/2022

> 7,669 3.69 4.37 623

1,660 Concentrate fed (kg)

Milk yield Milk protei Milk fat (% MS yield (

#### Methane reducing feed additive

Milk yield Milk protei Milk fat (% MS yield ( Methane (

> ~ metr

#### Home-grown protein sources

	Conv	Home	2.8 <b>P</b> 2.6		
(kg/day)	30.5	28.6	<sup>1</sup> <sup>8</sup> 2.4 − <sup>1</sup> <sup>9</sup> 2.2 −		
ein (%)	3.57	3.50	Wilk Solids, kg/d		
6)	4.29	4.25	Σ 1.0 1.6	•	
(kg/day)	2.38	2.20	1.4 +	1 2	3

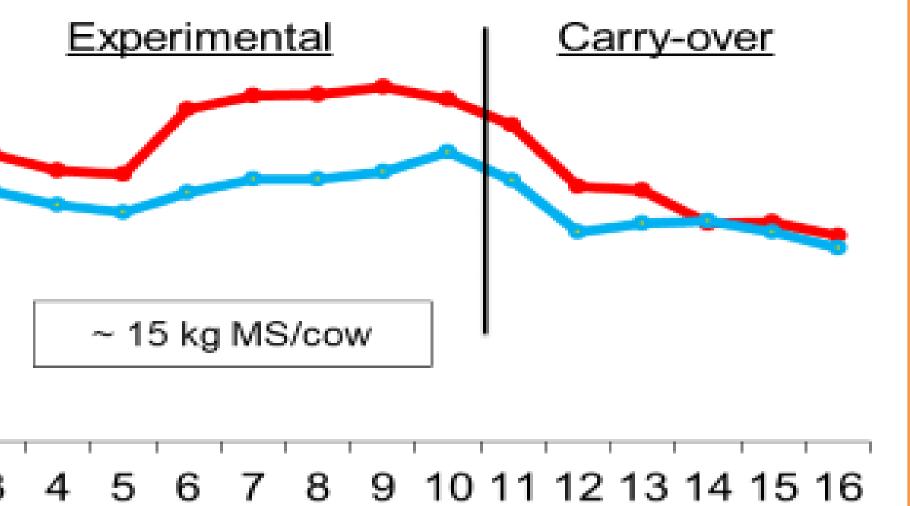
#### Control Additive

(kg/day)	29.6	29.9		
in (%)	3.52	3.59		
ó)	4.62	4.63	•	
(kg/day)	2.40	2.45		
(g/day)	448	335	•	
25% reduction in				
ethane production				

- Home-grown diets can reduce carbon footprint and increase protein selfsufficiency
- However, reduced animal performance observed
- Promising outcome for methane reducing feed additive







## Experimental Week

## Take home messages