

Salad Potato Technology Project

Crop Walk July 2015 (Workshop 3)

Workshop 3 will look at: importance of understanding customer specifications, deciding when to harvest, desiccation techniques, yield assessment digs, importance of skin set, understanding risk of skin disease and pest damage, harvester settings, irrigation to protect skin quality, management for long term storage

Teagasc, Bord Bia, IFA and Salad Potato Technology Project

Context

The imports of salad potatoes are estimated at 20,000 tonnes per year. It is estimated up to 15 Irish growers have been supplying approx. 10-15% to this market each year. There is huge scope to increase the volume of home produced salad potatoes to the domestic market. Increasing the area grown to salad potatoes can thereby displace imported salad potatoes and will also help potato growers diversify existing ware production into a premium market. The production of salad potatoes requires considerable skill and a change of practice if changing from traditional ware potato production. Grower diversification into salad production cannot be taken likely as the supply chain (from seed supply, agronomy, to final sale) need to be secure.

Coping with an expansion of salad potato will be challenging. Potato farmers will require the knowledge and support to enable them to make the necessary changes for a profitable and sustainable future. It is within this context this initiative between Teagasc, Bord Bia, IFA and industry has been agreed.

Purpose

The overall purpose of the program is to increase the level of information to existing growers and ultimately increase the quantity of salad potatoes grown in Ireland. This will involve equipping the industry with the necessary skills and knowledge to sustainably develop their potato enterprises

Objective

The program has five objectives

- Improve existing growers knowledge in all areas (agronomy/storage) of growing salad potatoes
- Increase the total quantity of salad potatoes grown in Ireland
- Grow the market for indigenously grown salad potatoes to keep pace with increased production
- Increase the number of growers supply salad potatoes
- Upskill the industry on storage of salad potatoes
- Leave a legacy of information for growers to use after the program is finished

Methodology

- 1. Run a Technology transfer project over the next 3 years
- 2. Regularly meet existing growers through each season at critical times
- 3. Develop markets and solutions to prolong window where salad potatoes are delivered
- 4. Provide up to date agronomy notes for growers at each meeting, building to a substantial volume of information over the three years which can be used in the future

Agenda for July Workshop

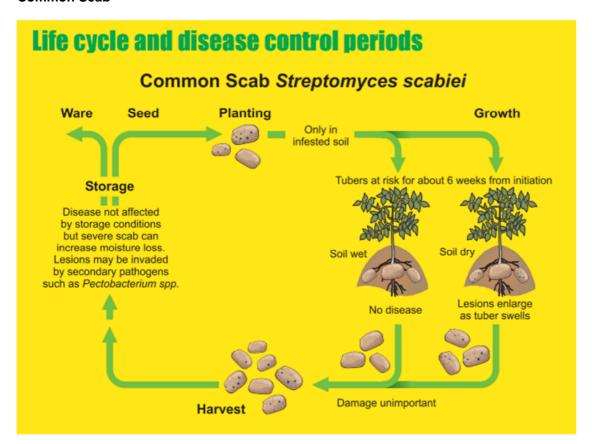
July – Agenda	 importance of understanding customer specifications, deciding when to harvest, desiccation techniques, yield assessment digs, importance of skin set, understanding risk of skin disease and pest damage, harvester settings, irrigation to protect skin quality, management for long term storage
Topics discussed at previous Workshops	
May	 Review of varieties Emergence, Spacing Impact of cultivation Canopy growth Root and stem development Weed control Irrigation planning and techniques Blight control Foliar nutrition (phosphate for seed crops)
April	 Varieties for the market Variety specifications costs of production Production issues Field history Soil type and soil structure Soil analysis Seed quality Seed rate and requirement for uniformity target stem numbers Fertiliser requirements Seed tuber fungicide treatment if required Machinery for planting Other areas of interest

Demonstration site (John Stafford, Wexford)

Demonstration site (Jo	nn Stafford, Wexford)						
Field name History before planting	 J.Murphy's Round-up which cleaned the stubble before we ploughed it. Rotavate on the flat while bed forming, followed by destoning (Grimme CS1500), followed by planting. Planting equipment Grimme six row cup planter and also a structural two row belt planter. Fertiliser placement unit which applies fertiliser on top of the bed ahead of the planter unit. 						
Soil type	 Potash broadcast the on the ploughed ground Fine Clay with percentage of sand, on a river bank 						
Soil analysis pH P K Mg Manure applied? Fertiliser used Field history Last year potatoes grown? Previous crop? Any groundkeepers? PCN? FLN? Stone content	6.0 3.8 (Low index 2) 237 (high index 4) 110 (index No N= 68kg/ha (54units/ac) (54 P= 115 kg/ha (92units/ac) (6 K= 90 kg/ha (72units/ha) 2011 Spring Barley No Not tested Very low stone content	units/ac in bed)					
Bed width	72 inches						
Irrigation available? De-stoner webs spacing Harvester webs spacing Planting date	Yes 30mm Space 30mm Space April 22 nd						
Varieties and seed classification	Maris Peer (35/55mm) Jester (25/35mm) Charlotte (35/45mm) Jazzy (35/45mm) Imagine	EC2 Class SE EC2 Class E EC2 Class SE EC3 Class A EC2					
Market size requirement	25-45mm						
Seed tuber count (tubers/50kg)	Maris Peer (35/55mm) Jester (25/35mm) Charlotte (35/45mm) Jazzy (35/45mm)	940 per 50Kg 2650 per 50Kg 810 per 50Kg 910 per 50Kg					
Planned seed tuber spacing (inches) for 300,000stems/ac	Maris Peer (1.28ac) Jester (0.67 ac) Charlotte (0.625ac) Jazzy (0.196ac) Imagine (2 rows)	4.4 3 5.7 6.5 4.4					
Seed tuber fungicide treatment Weed control	All treated with Imazalil/Thiabendazole May 21	All varieties also receive Monceran 1.5 kg/ton Retro 2L/ ha Defy 3 L/ha Shotput 0.75 kg/ha Activator 0.2 L/ha					

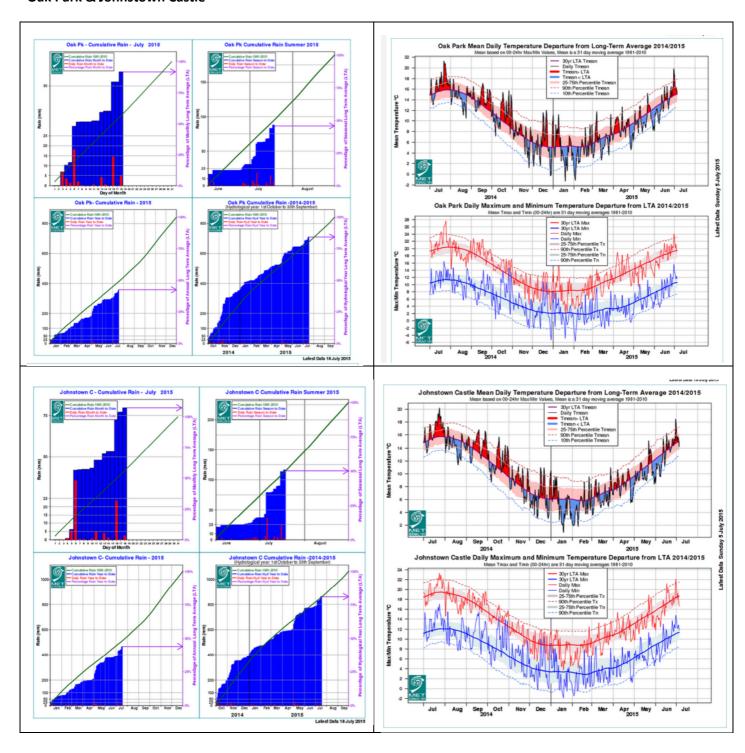
Irrigation	8 th June	All applications 25 mm
	12 th June	• •
	16 th June	
	(enough rain fell thereafter)	
Blight applications	3 rd June	Volley 0.4 L/ha
(started at roseate stage 2")	10 th June	Infinito 1.6 L/ha
		MagPhos 5 L/ha
	16 th June	Infinito 1.6 L/ha
		Mancozin 1 L/ha
		MagPhos 5 L/ha
	23 rd June	Infinito 1.6 L/ha
		Sparviero 75 ml/ha (insecticide)
		Mancozin 1 L/ha
		MagPhos 5 L/ha
	30 th June	Revus 0.6 L/ha
		Mancozin 1 L/ha
		Dimethox 0.7 L/ha
	8 th July	Revus 0.6 L/ha
		Option 0.1875 kg/ha
		Plenum 0.3 Kg/ha (insecticide)
	14 th July	Ranman 0.5L/ha

Common Scab

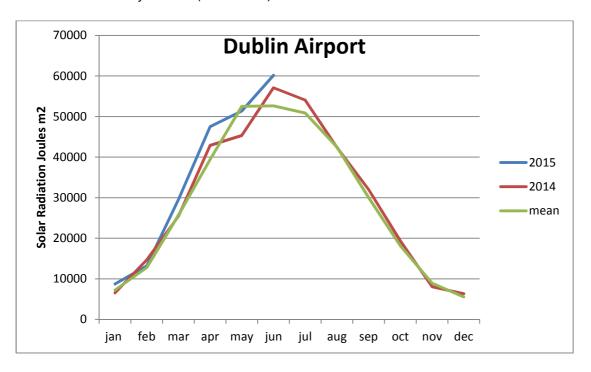


Weather Data

Oak Park & Johnstown Castle



Solar Radiation joules m² (www.met.ie)



Potato Fungicides 2015

rotato i diigicides 20					Marketing		Application		Max Total	Max No Appns			Rain	New
Product Name	Active Substance	Mode of Action	Rate/Ha	RRP/ha ex VAT	Company	Water Vol	Interval	PHI	Dose	per crop	Curative	Leaf Blight	Fastness	Growth
Amistar														
Opti/Curator/Vertik	Chlorothalonil 500 g/l													
(off label)	Azoxystrobin 80g/L	Contact + Systemic	1.0 L	€96/5L	Syngenta	200-300	7 - 10 days		1	-	-	_	-	-
Cuprene 50	Copper oxychloride 500g/Kg	Contact	5Kg	€195/25kg	Unichem	200	7 Days	14 Days		Not Specified	-	-	-	-
Dithane 945	Mancozeb 80 %w/w	Contact	2.25 kg	25kg/ TBA	Whelehans	200 – 1000	7 days	7 days		Not Specified	0	2		1 1/2*
Penncozeb WDG	A4	0	241	662/401		200 4000	7 44 1	7.1		No. Committee		2		4.4/2*
Pellilcozed WDG	Mancozeb 750 g/kg	Contact	2.1 kg	€62/10 kg	Unichem	200 - 1000	7 - 14 days	7 days		Not Specified	0	2	-	1 1/2*
Ranman Top	Cyazofamid 160 g/l	Contact	0.5 L/ha	€150/5L	Whelehans	200 – 400	5 days	7 days	3.0L	6	0	3.8	3*	_
Shirlan/Tizca/	.,		, ,		Syngenta/DHM /		, .	,						
Volley/Farmco Blitz	Fluazinam 500 g/l	Contact	0.4L/ha	€33+/1L	Croplink/Farmco	200-500	7 days	7 days	4lt/Ha	10	0	2.9	2 1/2*	_
7, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	Mancozeb 64 %w/w +	Contact	0112,110	033 1/ 12	Сторинцутаннос	200 300	10 - 14	7 4475	41c/11d	10	Ü	2.13	/-	
Ridomil Gold MZ 68 WG	Metalaxyl M 4.0 %w/w	Systemic + Contact	2.5 kg	€113/1kg	Syngenta	200	days	7 days	7.5 kg/ha	3	2 1/2 *		3*	2
Kidomii Gold Wiz oo WG	Wictalaxyi Wi 4.0 70W/ W		2.5 Kg	C113/ 1Kg	Syligenta	200	uays	7 days	7.5 kg/11a	3	2 1/2		3	
Option	Cymoxanil 600 g/kg	Translaminar (Tank Mix partner only)	187g/ha	€92/1.5kg	DuPont	200 – 500	7 – 10 days	14 days	1.125 kg/ha	6	_	_		_
Оршин	Cyllioxaliii 000 g/ kg	Translaminar	10/g/11a	€92/1.5kg	Duront	200 - 300	7 - 10 uays	14 uays	1.125 Kg/IIa	0	-	-	-	
Cymbal	Cymoxanil 45% ww	(Tank Mix partner only)	0.25 kg/ha	€38/1kg	Whelehans	200	7 – 10 days	14 days	1.5kg	6	_	_	_	_
	Cymexam 1570 HH	Translaminar +	0.25 1.6/1.0	650, 1118	Vinciand	200	, 10 00,0	1. 00/5	1.516	Ū				
Revus	Mandipropamid 250 g/l	Contact	0.6lt	€260/5L	Syngenta	200	7-10 Days	3 Days	2.4 L/ha	4	-	-	-	-
	Cymoxanil 4.5 % w/w +	Translaminar +					10 – 14	,	,					
Curzate M WG	Mancozeb 68 %w/w	Contact	2.5 kg	€79/10 kg	DuPont	200	days	7 days	16 kg/ha	6	2*	-	2*	-
	Cymoxanil 6g/kg +	Translaminar +					10 – 14							
<u>Globe</u>	Mancozeb 700 g/kg	Contact	2 kg	€72/10kg	Unichem	210	days	7 days	12.0 kg/ha	6	2*	-	2*	-
	Cymoxanil 45g/kg +	Translaminar +												
Zetanil WG	Mancozeb 650 g/kg	Contact	2.4kg	€73/10kg	Unichem	300	7 days	7 days	19.2kg/ha	8	2*	-	2*	-
	propamocarb 400g/I +	Translaminar +												
Proxanil	cymoxanil 50g/l	Contact	2.5	€110/10	Unichem	400	7 days	-	15 L/ha	6	2 1/2 *	-	-	-
Infinite / Former Dilet	Propamocarb 625 g/l +	Translaminar+	4.61/1	6240 : /40:	5. /5.	200 402		- 1			2*	2.0	2.4./2*	2*
Infinito/ Farmco Blight	Fluopicolide 62.5 g/l	systemic	1.6 L/ha	€210+/10L	Bayer/Farmco	200-400	7 days	7 days	6.4 L/ha	4	2*	3.8	2 1/2*	2*
Camaamta	Propamocarb 375 g/l +		21./1	64.62./4.0/		200 400		7.0	421./11		2*	2.5		44/2 *
<u>Consento</u>	Fenamidone 75 g/l	Translaminar	2L/ha	€162/10L	Bayer	200-400	7 days	7 Days	12Lt/Ha	6	2*	2.5		11/2 *
Valhan	Benthiavalicarb 17.5 g/kg +	Translaminar +	1 C kg/b-	£150/0 6k-	Whalahan-	200 400	7 10 da::-	7 days	0 C ka/k-		1 1/2*	2.7	2 1 /2 *	
<u>Valbon</u>	mancozeb 700 g/kg	Protectant	1.6 kg/ha	€150/9.6kg	Whelehans	200-400	7 – 10 days	7 days	9.6 kg/ha	6	1 1/2*	3.7	2 1/2 *	-

Note Euro blight 2015 (Green) 1* = reasonable effect; 2* = good effect; 3* = v good effect