

Estimating Farmers' economic value for reducing risk to flooding events

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Background

Extreme weather events are projected to increase in the coming decades in Ireland, however, uncertainties remain in relation to the scale and extent of the impact on farming. We designed a discrete choice experiment (DCE) to establish farmers' preferences for farm insurance against extreme

Discrete Choice Experiment Results

- 70% of farmers indicated a willingness to buy insurance against extreme weather events
- On average, farmers' favoured longer insurance contracts and index-based methods of assessment over traditional on-farm assessment of damages

weather events.

Data and Methods

Data collected from a representative sample of 270 Irish farmers' in 2019. We also collected information on farmer attitudes, demographic profile and farm characteristics. Figure 1 shows an example of the attributes and levels chosen for the DCE

Figure 1: DCE Attributes and Levels

Attribute Name and Description Levels

Length of insurance contract: This 1, 2, 5, 10 years

was described as how long the

insurance would last

Method of Assessment: This was On-Farm Inspection or

Table 1: Willingness to pay estimates

Variable	€ per year; (std Dev)
Length of insurance contract	€25.26 (€32.88) for each add. year
Indexed-based Insurance ** relative to on-farm inspection	€141.61 (199.62)
ASC – No Insurance	€-222.82

• Farmers' willing to pay €25 for each additional year of insurance contract and they would be willing to pay for index-assessment rather than on-farm €141 inspection

described as how damages would be	Weather-Indexed
assessed	
Cost per year €	€50, €100, €200, €400, €600,
	€800
Key Findings	

General Attitudes

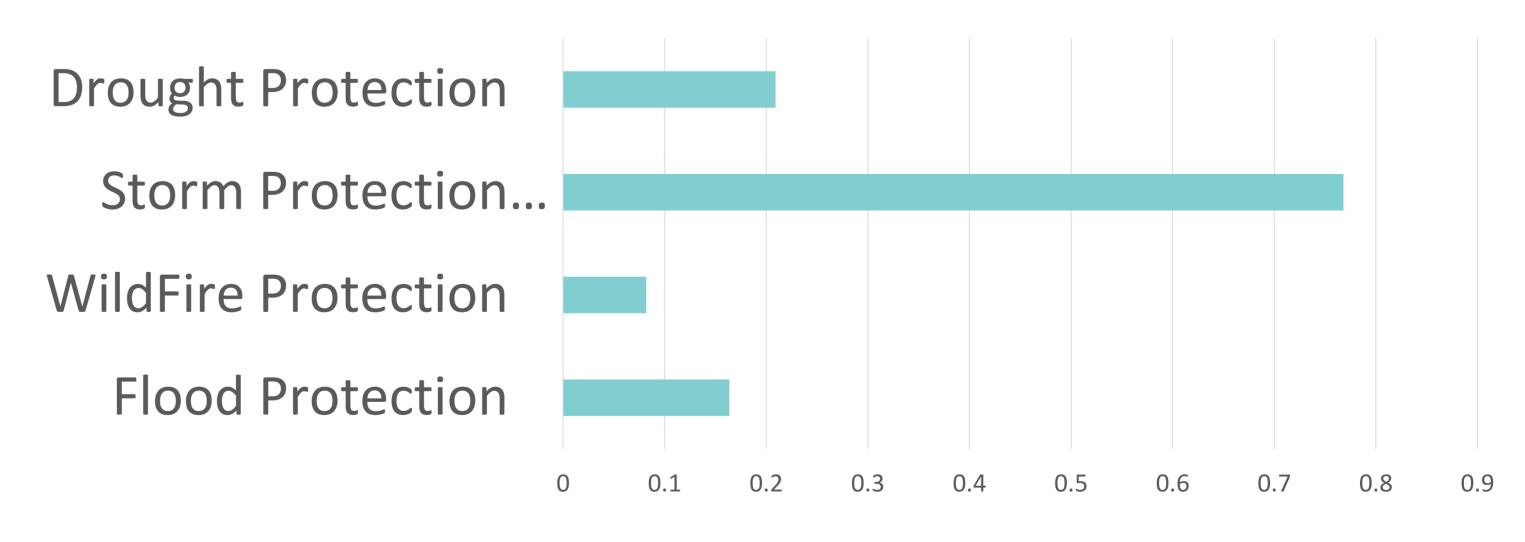
- 35% of farmers stated that they ae concerned about current or future impact of extreme weather events on their farm
- Half of farmers indicated that they would support compulsory measures to help farm better adapt to extreme weather
- Larger farms (=>50 hectares) more concerned about extreme weather

Flood Restrictors

• 43% of farmers indicated willingness to engage in collective action to apply flood restrictors on rivers to

- Younger farmers', farmers in midland region, farmers previously affected by extreme weather more likely to buy insurance
- 79% of farmers rated insurance for storm protection as important

Figure 2: Importance of insurance for types of weather events



Acknowledgements and Contact

reduce flooding to downstream communities

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