How much milk <u>can/should</u> | produce profitably?

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Where do I want to go?

farm?

What is the profitable expansion potential from my

Land Mobility and Career Progression

Background - Dairy Cow Numbers





Background - Replacement heifers

Dairy Heifer Calves





Planning for expansion

• Business Objectives?

We need to move away from the group think!

- Physical
- Personal

Farm plan should be the centre of expansion!

- Will expansion increase your profitability?
- Effect on cash flow during expansion?



Overview

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Optimum stocking rates

- Outputs form a whole range of studies combined into one single model
 - 5 stocking rates evaluated
 1.9 3.1 (LU/Ha)
 - 2 levels of concentrate supplementation 500 1000(kg/cow)
 - 3 levels of Nitrogen Fertiliser 160 250 (kg/Ha)
 - 3 different levels of grass growth 10.5 13.0 tDM/Ha
 - Full labour costs
 - Capital costs associated with expansion included



40 Ha Farm 29.5 c/l





40Ha Farm 24.5 c/l





40 Ha Farm 34.5 c/l





Consistently Profitable Expansion will be associated with utilising more grass on farm

- Sustainable expansion at farm level will be associated with;
 - Increasing Grass growth
 - Increasing grass utilisation
 - Maximising the conversion of grass grown to milk
 - Minimising supplementary feed
 - Minimising the capital investment with expansion



Farm Performance - Dairy (t DM/ha) 2013

	Average	Maximum	Minimum	Range
Total Grass Production	12.5	18.0	7.3	10.7
Grazing DM Production	10.3	16.8	6.2	10.6
Silage DM Production	1.9	5.0	0	5.0
Number of Grazings	6.2	9.14	4.57 ••••••••••	4.58 PastureBaseIreIand



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National DM Production (t DM/ha)





Comparison of 2013 versus 2014 grass growth profile

Distribution of Growth





Expansion Strategy – Driven by the business Plan

- 1. Invest in technologies to increase grass growth
 - Fertility
 - Grazing infrastructure
 - Sward renewal
- 2. Increase stocking rate on the milking platform to match grass growth
- 3. Move out any alternative enterprise from the milk platform
 - 1. Outside block
 - 2. Contract rearing
- 4. Increase the stocking rate on the milking platform with dairy cows only
- 5. Additional land options





- Where do I want to go?
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 Expansion Process will reduce efficiency
- Land Mobility and career Progression

Expansion on productivity and efficiency

- Lag in return for investments made
- Reduction in animal productivity
- Increases in stock rearing costs
- Increase in costs associated with sward renewal, roadways, drainage, soil fertility
- Increases in the amount of hired labour

Lag in Return for investments

- There are significant investments made as part of the expansion process (€3,000-€6,000 per cow)
 - Grazing infrastructure
 - Winter housing and slurry storage
 - Milking facilities
- Stock numbers growth generally lag behind the investments made



Reduction in animal productivity

- Increased proportions of younger animals as well as animals that would potentially have been culled
 - Age Profile of herd
- Increased numbers of older animals that would ordinarily have been culled
 - Increased SCC levels
- More animals walking longer distances resulting in reduced performance
- Farmers operating at higher stocking rates
- Increased stock rearing costs





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Family Farm Income 2013



AGRICULTURE AND FOOD DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

Greenfield cost and return profile

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014**
Total Costs €	397,831	537,640	527,654	608,626	575,073
Milk Output kg	83,183	108,552	110,881	121,500	120,000
Costs €/kgMS	4.78	4.95	4.76	4.95	4.70
Profitability €	118	81,433	45,323	90,283	90,632
ROI %	-	9	6	9	10
ROE %	-	23	13	20	17

** Predicted



Land leasing – Land Mobility

Typical land leasing may not be adequate in the future;

Risk sharing

Profit sharing

Capital investment

Depreciation period – Longer the better

On-going investment

Dependent on the numbers of years left in the plan

Releasing the security available from the land

Debt cant be secured against leased land

Budgetary developments are huge

Partnerships – Land Mobility

Potential to increase scale by combining two different

operations together

Generally associated with milk quotas to date

Potential improving the lifestyle of the different parties

involved

Early career progression for within family situations





Career Progression

- Young trained farm business Managers will be cornerstone to dairy farm expansion
- Need a strong flow of business and technically skilled individuals
- Must create and demonstrate a career progression model;
 - Shows a pathway to the ownership of dairy farm business
 - Shows a pathway to wealth creation
 - That competes with best professions when discussed at school with career guidance

Dairy farming is not the afterthought

Facilitates young people from non farming backgrounds to enter dairying

That rewards efficiency at farm level

Share farming Model for Ireland

- Development of a model that allows a young trained farm business managers with no existing financial resources to grow equity, carry risk, capture the rewards, ultimately creating the potential for farming in their own right within a reasonable timeframe
- Potential benefits;
 - Attract the right type of people into the dairy industry
 - Creates a system that incentivises efficiency
 - Increases the turnover of land
 - Enterprise shift
 - Farm business model

Conclusion

- Shackles are off on April 1st
 - Does not mean free for all
 - No budget No expansion (Plan for extremes)
- Match feed supply and feed demand
 - Invest in increasing farm pasture production (maximum return)
 - Maximum efficiency and sustainability will be achieved where grass supply and demand are matched
- A combination of all land mobility and career progression models will be required;
 - Create enterprise shift
 - Increase industry profitability
 - Create a career progression model for the next generation of the industry

