





Total Employment 8,000

On-Farm Employment

1,200

**Associated Industries** 

6,800



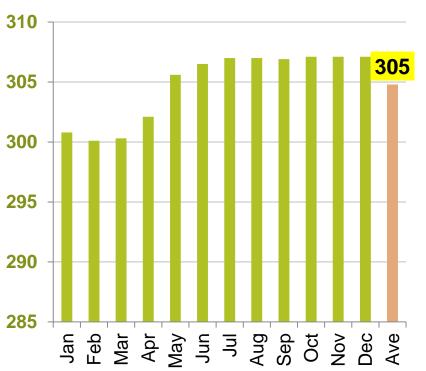
## **Pig Sector Review**



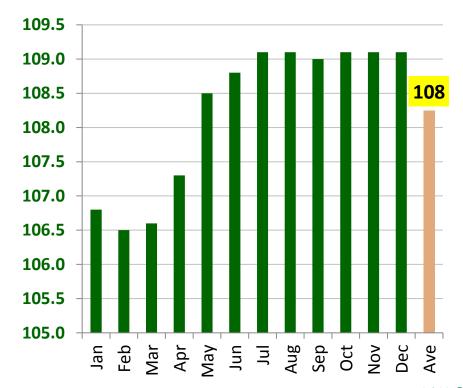


#### Feed Price 2020

#### Composite Cost/ Tonne (Compound)

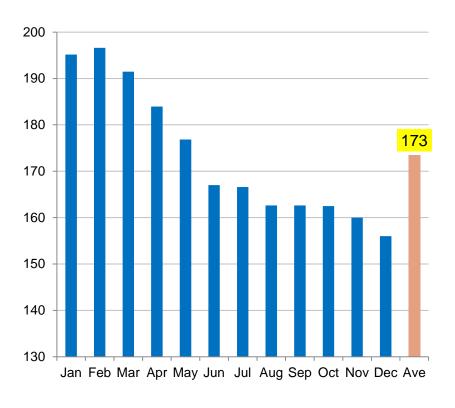


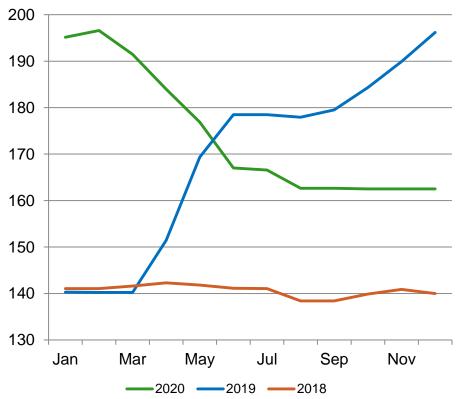
#### Feed Cost c / kg dwt.





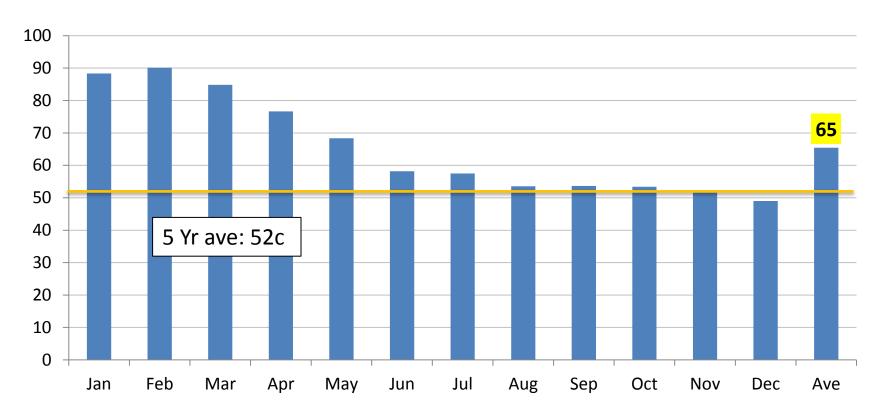
### Pig Price 2020 (c/kg dwt)







#### Margin-Over-Feed 2020 (c/kg dwt)

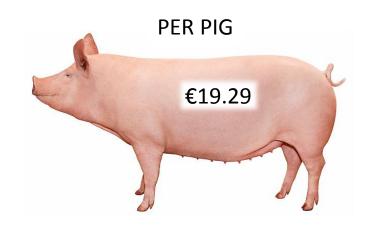




### 2020 - Profitability (EBITA)









# **Pig Sector Forecast**





#### Outlook based on these four factors:





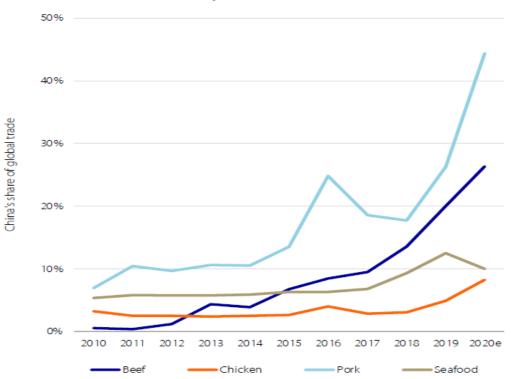




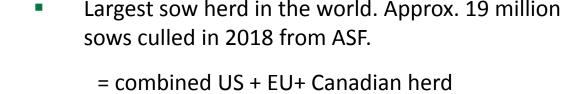


#### **Chinese Imports as a % of Global Trade**





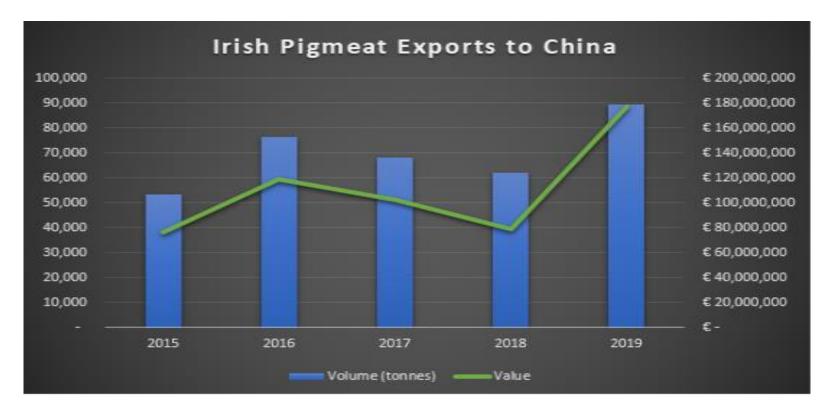




- Recovering due to massive government support.€26bn invested in 2 years
- Will be end of 2021 before approaching pre-2018 levels (80-85%)
- However market price will cool during 2021 due to herd increase & aggressive US competition. EU pigmeat exports -10%

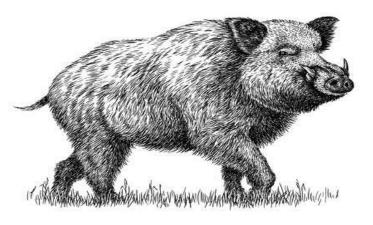








African Swine Fever Wild Boar



- Initially spread in Eastern Europe by wild boars
- Two German regions infected by wild boar infections (185 boar cases)
- Germany currently excluded from Chinese market.
  Important as:
  - They are 2<sup>nd</sup> biggest EU producer
  - China's 3<sup>rd</sup> largest source of pigmeat
- German pigmeat must be sold within the EU market
  e.g. Italian ham market & UK





- Caused severe logistical problems:
  - Transmission within slaughter plants
  - Shipment issues reefers
  - Loss of Chinese export license
- Slaughtering disruptions:
  - Germany backlog of 700,000 pigs
  - Denmark backlog of 120,000 pigs
- Essential priority workers?
  - UK won't close plants
  - Priority for vaccines?



#### **Brexit**



- UK important for Irish pigmeat:
  - Destination for 45% of exports
  - Worth €500m / Year
  - 12% of ROI pigs slaughtered in N. Ire

#### <u>However</u>

- UK only 40-45% self sufficient :
  - Will UK set tariffs at 0% in crash-out?
  - ROI & N.IRE strong trade links









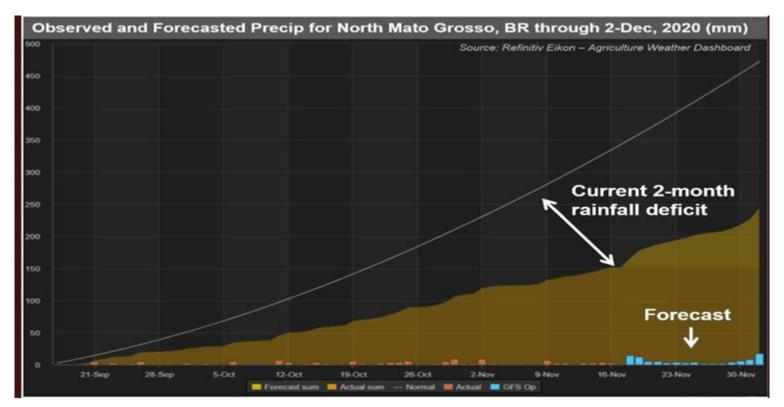


#### Soyabean



- Poor US harvest will decrease closing stock so in 2021 reduced buffer zone.
- Record Brazilian crop expected (133 MT) looks optimistic with late planting & poor planting conditions, cant see it happening
- US-Chinese trade war
  - China was increasing S.A. imports
  - Will new US administration do trade deal?
  - Recent moderate price increase likely to be sustained (€420) however many Irish producers are fortunately locked-in till end of 2021 (Jul 2020: Jan-Dec 21 at €327)







#### Wheat/Barley



- Poor ground conditions in autumn 2019 were realised in harvest esp. for wheat in UK & France.
- 2020 poor Irish yield & harvesting conditions
- Current high prices (Wheat €225, Barley €205) likely to be sustained until mid-2021. Risk of wheat supply getting tighter in spring depending on ruminant feed trade
- Early crop conditions across EU looking much better for autumn 2021. Australian output 29MT (+14MT)
- Harvest 2021 prices lower: 5-10%



- U.S. 2020 harvest down by 20 Mt (YOY)
- Late SA soya planting will affect subsequent maize planting
- Chinese used large volume of stock in spring during lockdown. Resulted in lower closing stocks and requires higher imports in coming months + pig herd is increasing
- Global Stock:Use ratio expected to decrease to 24% still relatively comfortable but lowest since crash of 2013.
   Current price ~ €215

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Low wheat & maize production in same year is unfortunate

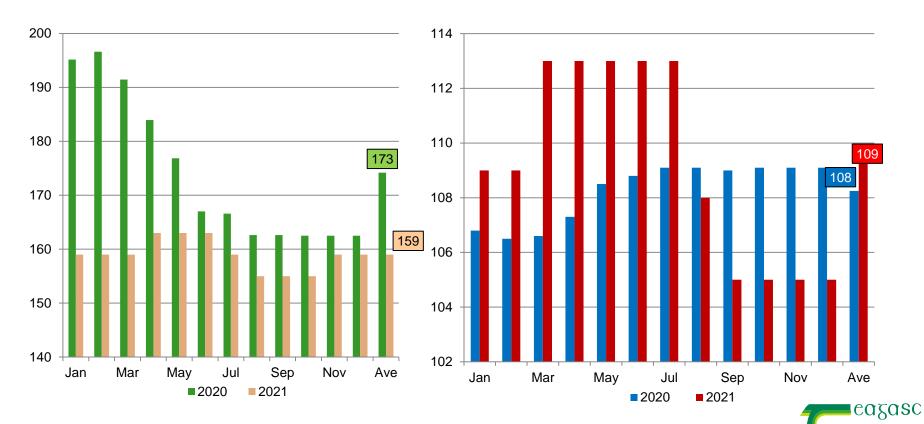
#### Maize



#### Forecast: Pig 2021 (c/kg)

#### Feed 2021 (c/kg)

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## Thank you for your attention!



