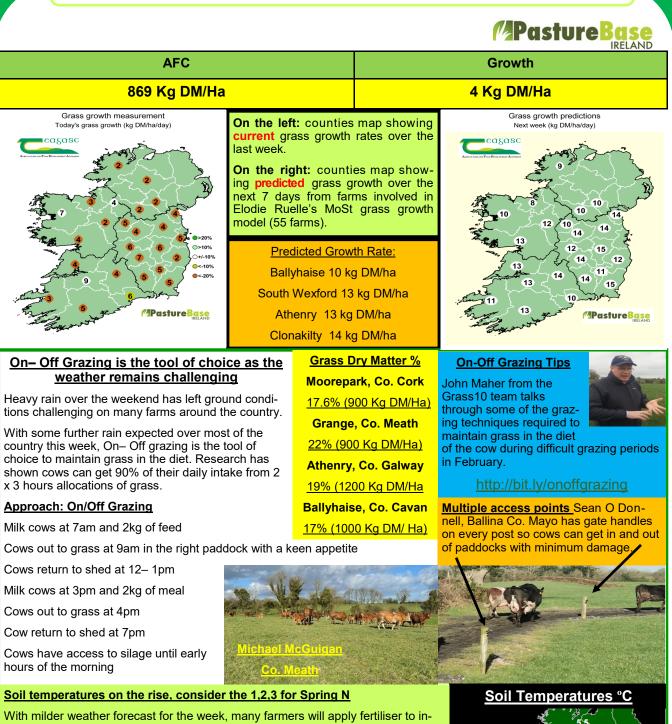


Grass10 Weekly Update

16th February 2021

Grass10



With milder weather forecast for the week, many farmers will apply fertiliser to increase growth rates throughout early Spring. On average the grass growth response is 10:1, i.e. for every 1 kg N applied there is 10kg DM extra grass grown. At the rate of 23 units per acre (30 Kg per Ha) the average paddock will respond with 300 Kg DM extra grass. For a farm stocked at 2.5 LU/ha this equates to about 10 days extra feed on the farm costing about €1/LU/day and not to mention improved animal performance.

It's no wonder every day at grass in the spring is worth €2.70/LU!

Consider the 1,2,3 of Spring N application-:

- 1. Are soil temperatures 5.5°C and rising on my farm?
- 2. Is my land trafficable?
- 3. Is the forecast favourable? Avoid yellow rainfall warnings

Soil Temperatures °C



target reductions. Protected urea is an urea-

based nitrogen fertiliser coated with a urease inhibitor which stabilises urea. It greatly

reduces nitrous oxide emissions with 71% less when compared to CAN. It also reduces

ammonia emissions by 79% when compared

to standard urea. For this reason protected

urea should be used to replace standard urea and CAN fertilisers across the growing season. Aidan Lawless, farm manager at

Johnstown Castle dairy farm, has been us-

ing protected urea since 2016. His experience and the benefits are summarised on

the right. The renewed focus in 2021, is to have targeted and effective N usage.

Grass10 Weekly Update



16th February 2021

Protected Urea use at Johnstown Castle Farm scale protected urea experience **Dairy Farm** at Johnstown Castle Dairy Farm With pressure on Irish agriculture to reduce

GHG and ammonia emissions, protected Aidan Lawless - Farm Manager urea is a technology which can help achieve

- Using since 2016, now main N source
- "Spreads in the same way as normal urea"
- "More concentrated than CAN so less refilling time. 2 bags of CAN (1000kg) covers 10ha vs about 13ha for 2 bags protected urea (750kg)."



"Slightly cheaper product, so we grow the same amount of grass, it costs us less to grow & we have lower GHG emissions"

"in terms of meeting emissions reductions its about the lowest hanging fruit I can think of"

Let's Talk Cattle... And Grazing In The Spring!

Last week's Let's Talk Cattle webinar saw John Douglas, Grass10, highlight that every day at grass in the spring earns cattle farmers €2/LU as well as other benefits. (See slide on right). He demonstrated how farmers can exploit these benefits by focusing on dairy calf-to-beef farmer Aidan Maguire who last year achieved 297 days at grass. This really helped with farm profitability. The 10 steps Aidan takes are summarised:

- 1. Close up the farm properly in the autumn.
- 2. Use the spring rotation plan to calculate area to graze.
- 3. Ensure cattle have an appetite for grazing.
- 4. Walk the paddock & set up the strip-wire-move each day.
- 5. Plan your route to grazing shed to paddocks.
- 6. The animal- lighter animals graze first.
- 7. The grass- graze light covers 700-900 kgDM/ha (7-8cm).
- 8. Have a flexible approach- cattle can go in and out!
- 9. Too wet? Stay inside but try again tomorrow.

View Grass10 Webinars back!

Have you missed the Grass10 & Pasture-Base Webinar titled "Getting Familiar with PastureBase Ireland" in early February?

Not to worry as the webinar along with our December and January webinars are all available to view on the Teagasc Grass10 page on the Teagasc website- under the "Webinar" tab. The PowerPoint presentation and FAQs from the webinars are also available to view!

www.teagasc.ie/grass10

Need help getting set up on PBI for grass measuring in 2021?

Email support@pbi.ie or call 046-9200965



Is getting out to grass worth it? erage days at grass = 220 days (7 ½ months)

Housed from Nov 1st until Mar 15th

E.g. You have 60 acres & turnout early Feb = 1 mth extra grazing in spring (30 days) Based on area to graze & grass supply = enough grass each day for 30 yearlings

to graze (about same stock to eat 1 bale/day)

30 strong yearlings = 20 LU x €2/day = €40/day x 30 days = + €1,200

Every week saving the cost of a Ton of meal!!

How many cattle needed to sell to make €1,200 profit? CE FOR

10. Apply slurry and fertiliser to help grass growth.

John pointed out that farmers should focus on improving their own farm year on year as every farmer can benefit from more days at grass. To view the full webinar go to https://bit.ly/Grass10LetsTalkCattle

Or to watch how Aidan gets cattle to grass click on https:// bit.ly/EarlyGrazingEarnMore

