

### Improving Technical **Efficiencies:**

- Calf Rearing
- Animal Health
- **Soil Fertility**
- Farm Planning
- **Financial Management**
- **Grassland Management**

Target a Net Margin of €500/ha excluding all farm subsidies by the end of the 3 years.





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# **Teagasc Green Acres Programme Outline**







### JP Hammersley's farm overview: • 34.7ha of grassland Part-time operation – labour efficiency

- key
- Steer system slaughtering at 22 & 28 months
- 72 calves purchased from 1 herd this spring
- Focused on grassland management, soil fertility and sustainability







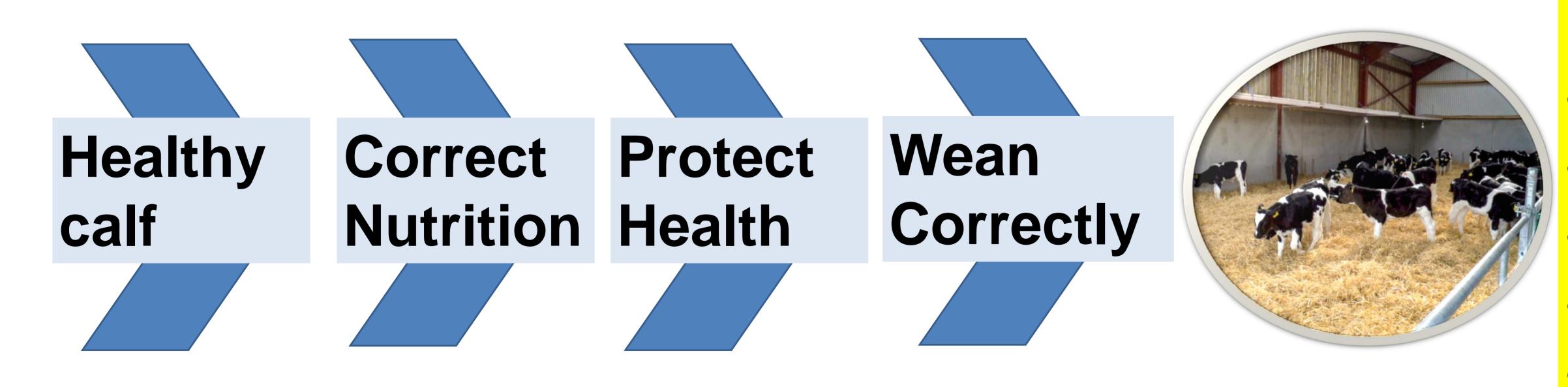








Milk replacer feeding schedule for bucket feeding						
Days	MR/calf/day	Litres per feed	Feeds/day	Meal		
7-12	500g	2	2	Ad lib		
13-35	750g	3	2	Ad lib		
35-49	375g	3	1	Ad lib		
50+	Feed until 85-90kg	-	-	Ad lib up to 2kg/day		







# Calf rearing





# Selecting a milk replacer:

- Protein content of >20%
- Oil content of 18-20%
- Ash content <8%</li>
- Fibre content < 0.15%
- Contains milk-derived proteins
- Easily dissolved without leaving residuals

### Key messages:

- Target gain of 0.7kg/day up until turnout
- Feed a high-quality milk replacer
- Hygiene and correct feeding practices essential
- Herd health planning is key
- Avoid stress







### o until turnout placer ng practices essential

### oteins eaving residuals









## **90kg**





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# First Grazing Season

### Key messages:

- Limit stress when transitioning outdoors
- Daily weight gains of 0.7-0.8kg/day required
- Monitor health and grass quality









230kg















DMD %	75	70	65	60
Harvest date	20 May	2 June	15 June	28 June
Silage t DM/ha	4.6	6.0	7.0	7.7
Bales/ac	7.7	10	12	13
ADG on silage alone (kg/day)	+0.5	+0.35	+0.2	0
Meal needed (kg/day) for 0.6kg ADG	0.5	1.25	2	2.5
Meal feeding cost over 100 days (€/head at €310/t ration)	€16	€39	€62	€78









Winter Weanling Nutrition

### Impact of silage quality on weanling performance









**Selecting a ration:** 



### Key messages:

- Winter weight gain of 0.6kg/day required
- 230kg at start of winter 320kg at turnout
- Test your silage
- Feed concentrates on the basis of silage quality













### Second season targets: Opportunity to gain at least 200kg of liveweight off grass

- 320kg at turnout >500kg at housing
- Daily gain of 0.9-1.0kg/day required
- 'Grow in 21, graze in 3'





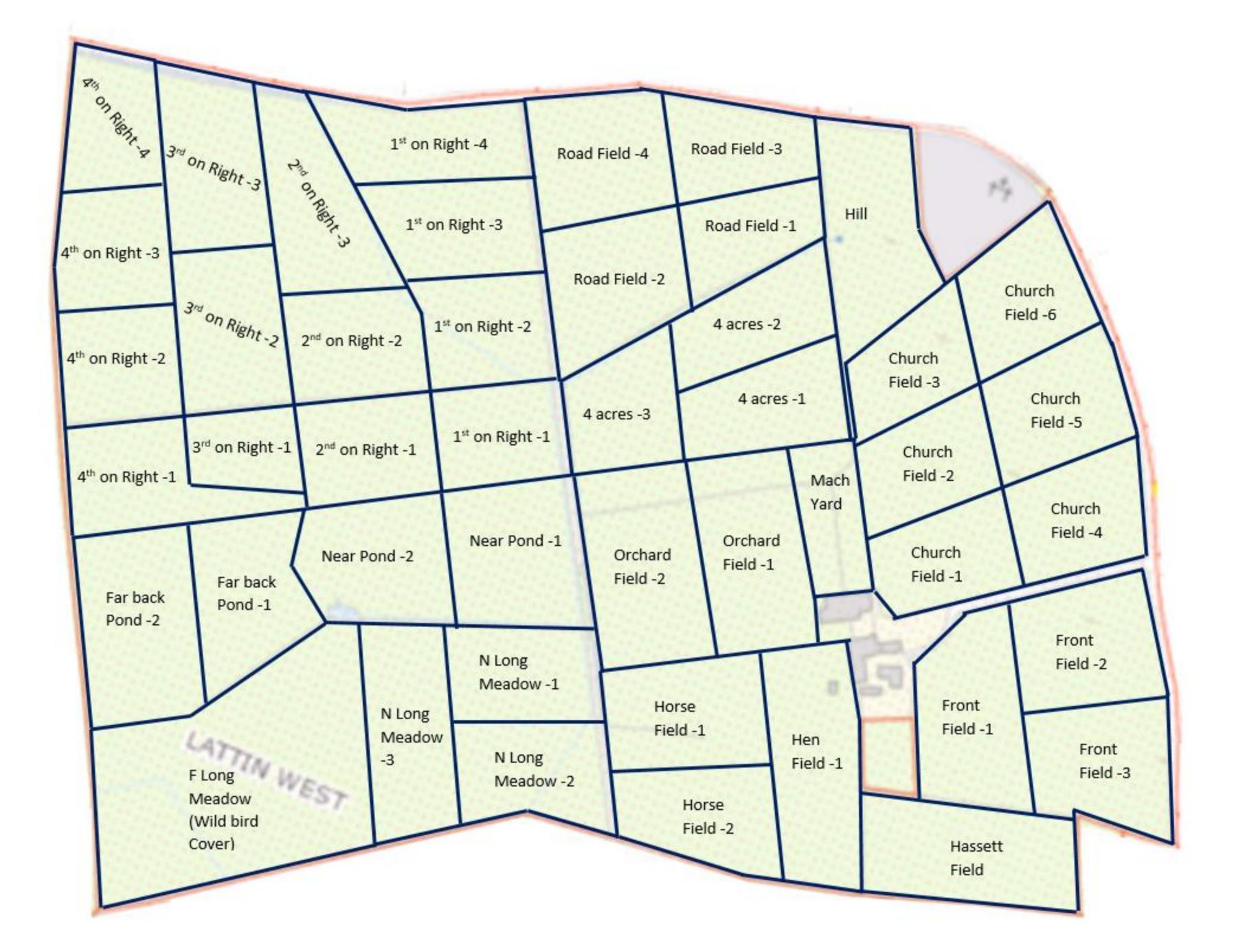


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# **Second Grazing Season & Infrastructure**





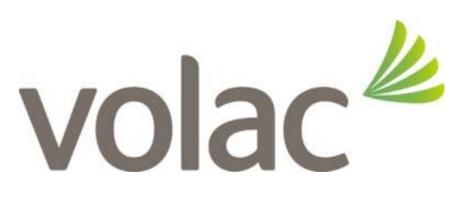














### Why install a paddock grazing system? Better grass utilisation Increased animal performance Increased grass production Opportunity to harvest 'quality bales' Ease of management in difficult conditions







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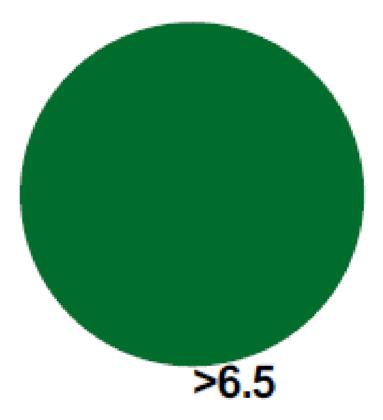
# **Second Grazing Season & Infrastructure**

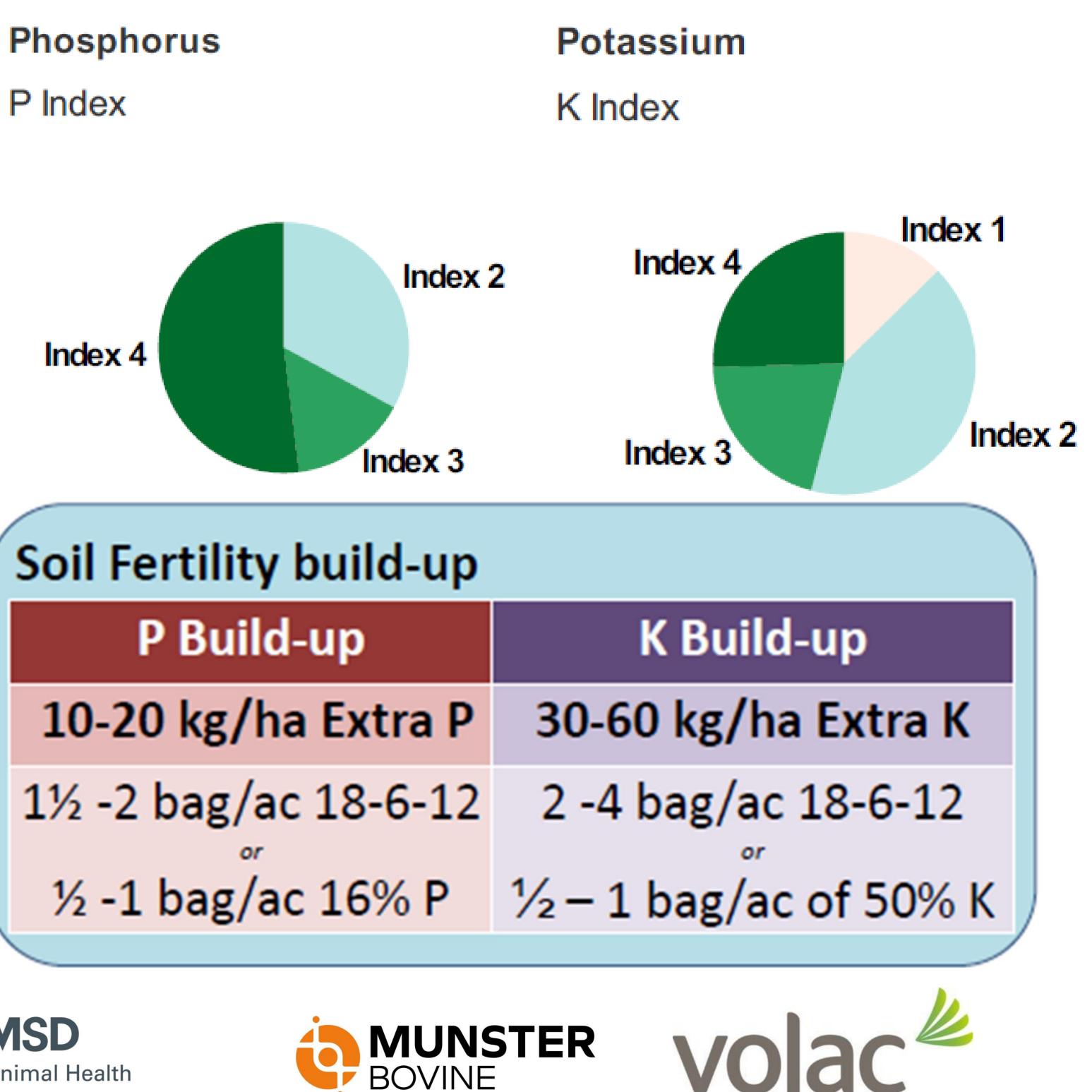


### **Soil fertility**

### Lime

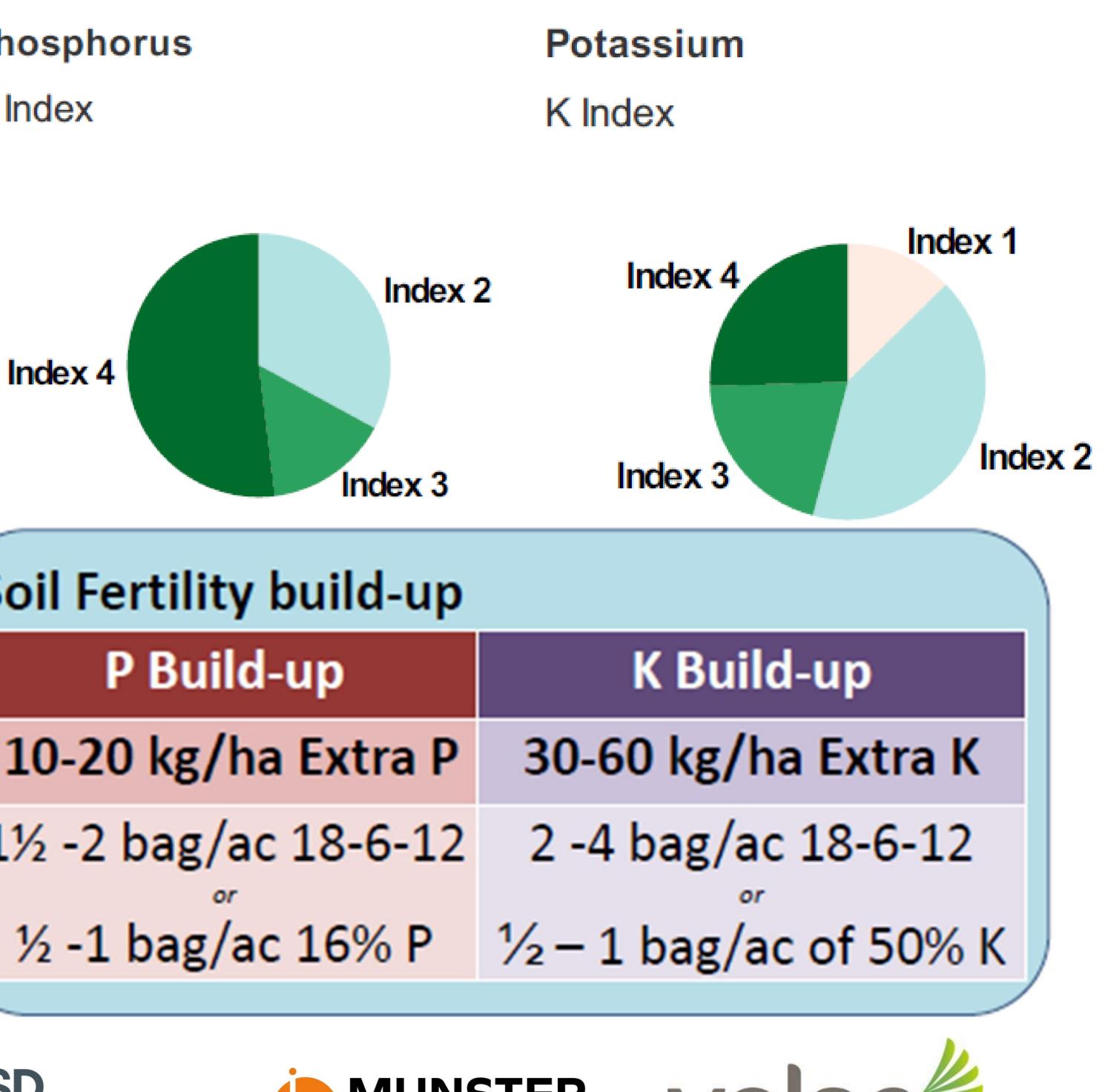
Soil pH > 6.2





Improving Farm Life

















# **Objectives:**

- Keep grass in the diet for as long as possible
- Set up farm for early spring grazing
- Carry no heavy covers over winter

### **Autumn Rotation Plan:**

- 1. Start closing: Oct 1
- 2. 60% grazed by Nov 7
- 3. Housing: Nov 30
- 4. Closing cover: >600kgDM/ha





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# Managing Autumn Grass

	Heavy Farm	Dry Farm	
October 1			
October 8			
October 15			and the second second
October 22			
October 29			
November 5			
November 12			
November 19			
November 26			
December 3			







# **Guidelines:**

- Graze paddocks to 3.5-4cm
- Do not re-graze
- Skip heavier covers to meet the 60% target
- Grazing infrastructure and a flexible mindset are key
- Reduce poaching:
  - On-off grazing
  - Splitting paddocks









# House heavy cattle first Close heavier land earlier









2<sup>nd</sup> winter 3<sup>rd</sup> season at grass

**Total variable costs** 

1<sup>st</sup> winter

2<sup>nd</sup> season at grass

1<sup>st</sup> season at grass

Calf rearing

3<sup>rd</sup> season at grass Target carcass (kg)

2<sup>nd</sup> season at grass 2<sup>nd</sup> winter

AGRICULTURE AND FOOD DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY





21-month steers		24-month steers		28-month steers			
	ADG (kg/day)	Weight (kg)	ADG (kg/day)	Weight (kg)	ADG (kg/day)	Weight (kg)	
	1.00	580	0.90	530	0.90	530	
	_	_	1.00	620	0.50	580	
	_	_	_	_	1.20	680	
280-300		320		350			
	Variable Costs						
€124		€124		€124			
€99		€99		€99			
€106		€106		€106			
€254		€149		€149			
		€265		€171			
				€134			
<b>€583</b>		€743		<b>€783</b>			













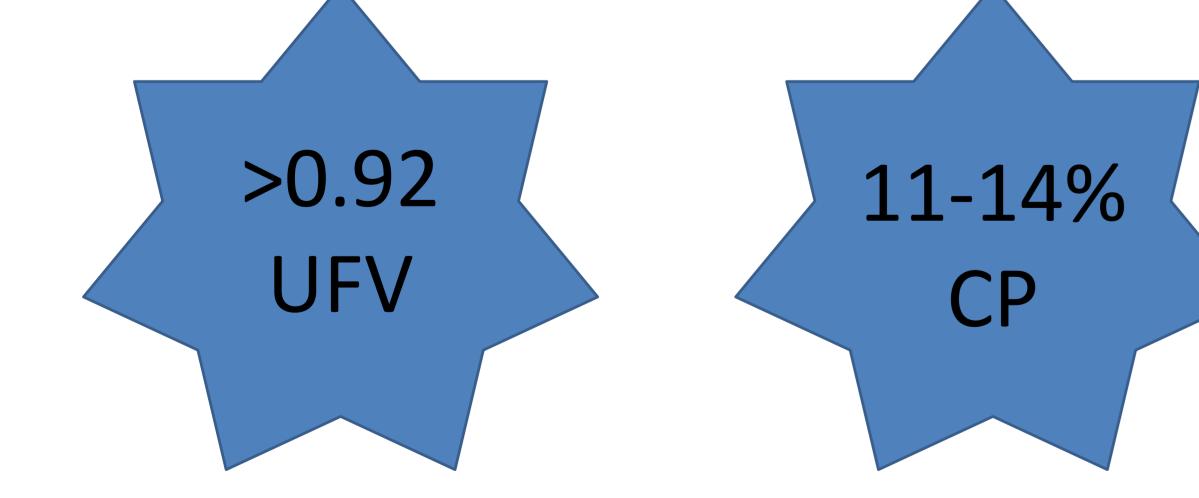




# **Target silage quality:**

- Dry matter: 28-32%
- DMD: >72
- Crude protein (% DM): >13.5
- pH: 3.8-4.5
- Ammonia (% N): <10%</li>
- UFV/UFL (unit/kg DM): >0.89

### **Selecting a finishing ration**







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# Silage Quality





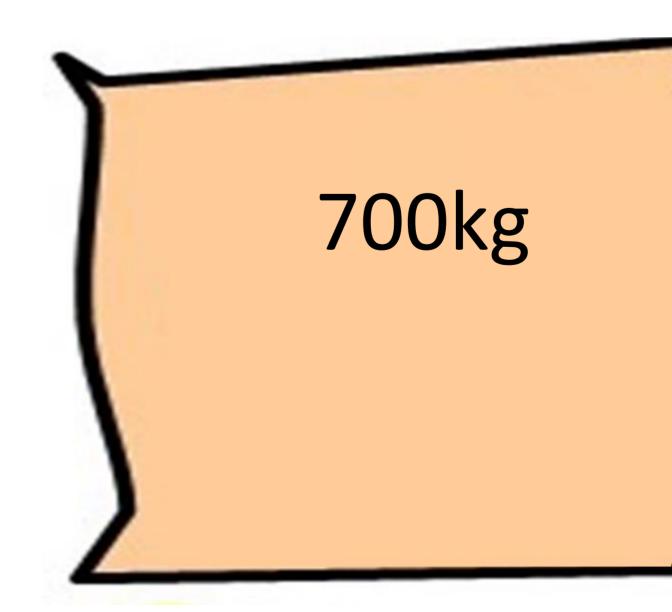


- Hitting target weights gives options, makes finishing easier and more economical
- Finishing stock need excellent quality silage
- Feed a quality ration





Meal supplementation & silage quality (1kg/head/day)						
Silage quality	66 DMD	68 DMD	70 DMD	72 DMD	74 DMD	
Meal supplementation	7kg	6kg	5.5kg	5kg	4kg	
€/head (€310/t & 100 days)	€217	€186	€171	€155	€124	



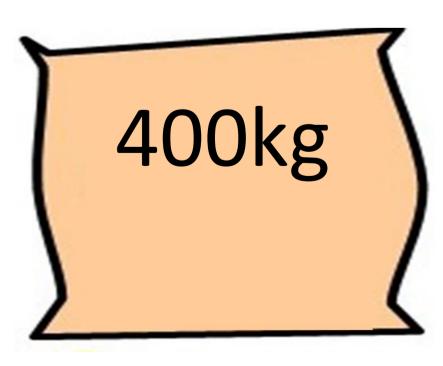








### **€93/head saving**







	2018	2019	2020	2021
Calf numbers	50	58	71	72
Stocking rate	2.14	2.12	2.28	2.32
LW output	767kg/ha	912kg/ha	1,095kg/ha	1,250k
Gross output	€1,515/ha	€1,588/ha	€2,017/ha	€2,613
Variable costs	€1,103/ha	€939/ha	€1,067/ha	€1,460
Gross margin	€412/ha	€649/ha	€949/ha	€1,153
Fixed costs	€625/ha	€639/ha	€684/ha	€701/
Net margin	-€213/ha	€10/ha	€265/ha	€453/I



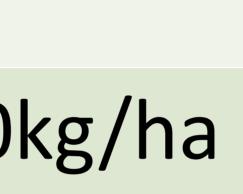


# Finances









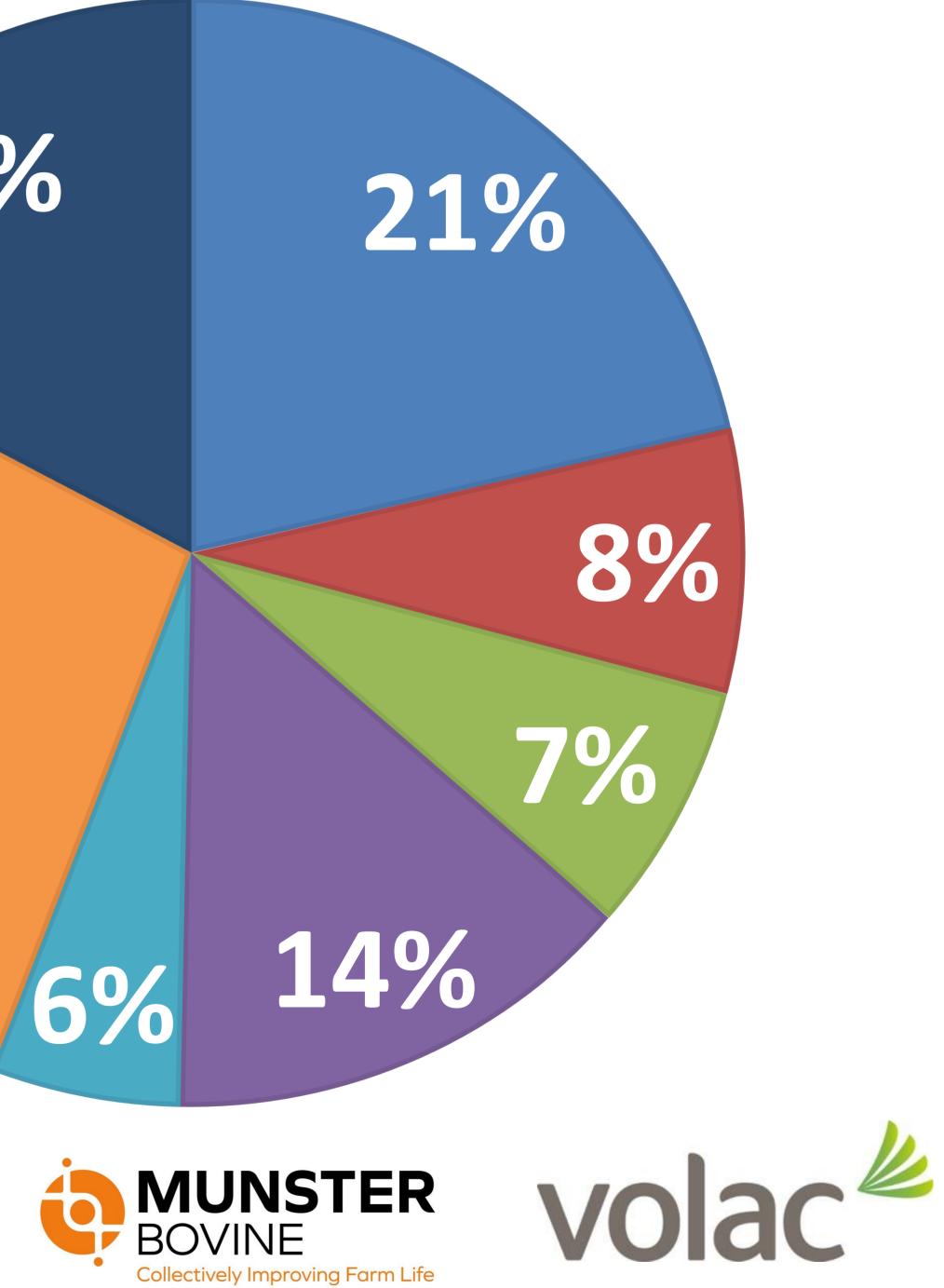
- .3/ha
- 0/ha
- 3/ha
- 'ha
- 'ha

Concentrate Vet Other variable costs Fixed costs Net margin













# Fertiliser Contractor