Outlook 2021 - Sustainability

Cathal Buckley

Teagasc, Agricultural Economics & Farm Surveys Department

Rural Economy and Development Programme

December 7th 2021





Overview

Sustainability framework

Methodology

Projections for 2021

Summary / conclusion



Sustainability Definition

- Farm level sustainability is intersection of:
 - 1. Economic
 - 2. Environmental
 - 3. Social
 - 4. Innovation







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Teagasc Sustainability Report Series

- Comprehensive range of results
 - 6 reports since 2013
 - 4 Farm Systems (Dairy, Cattle, Sheep, Tillage)
 - 4 Sustainability dimension
 - » Economic, Environmental, Social & Innovation
 - » 129 indicators for 2020 (most recent year)
 - Temporal
 - Individual year results 2015 to 2020 **>>**
 - 129 indicators x 6 years
 - » 3 year rolling averages 2013-2020 (longer term trend)





30th November, 2021



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ISBN: 978-1-84170-676-4	03 ^{el} November, 2020	ISBN: 978-1-84170-668-9

https://www.teagasc.ie/rural-economy/ruraleconomy/national-farm-survey/sustainability-reports/



Environmental Sustainability

- 1. Gaseous Emissions
 - Greenhouse Gases
 - Ammonia











- 2. Risk to water quality
 - Use of nitrogen & phosphorus
- 3. Biodiversity Indicator
 - Under development proof of concept

Gaseous Emissions - Agriculture

Greenhouse gas emissions share by sector in 2020



Source: EPA, 2021

Climate Action Plan 2021: GHGs

- Sectoral GHG reduction targets for 2030 (compared to 2018)
 - Agriculture: 22 to 30%
 - LULUCF: 37 to 58%
- Carbon neutrality by 2050



Gaseous Emissions - Agriculture

99.4% of Ammonia Emissions generated from Agriculture (EPA, 2021)







Emissions – How are they calculated



- Activity Data
 - Farm Practice (e.g. animal numbers, chemical fertilisers & manure management)
- Emission Factors
 - Scientific evidence from lab/field experiments, national level if possible (peer reviewed)



Methodological approach – Emission Factors

- GHG All in common currency of CO₂ equivalence
 - » IPCC based national inventory approach for all farm types
 - » Replicating approach used by EPA at national level

- Ammonia (NH₃)
 - » National inventories approach for all farms
 - » Replicating approach used by EPA at national level for reporting under the EU NEC Directive







Methodological approach – Activity Data

- Activity data from Teagasc National Farm Survey
- NFS conducted by Teagasc since 1972 (part of EU Farm Accountancy Data Network)
 - Sample of 800+farmers representing over 91,000 nationally
- Data capture for environmental modelling
 - Animal numbers by category (e.g. Dairy Cows)
 - Crops grown (e.g. barley, wheat, oats)
 - Fertilisers applies (e.g. CAN, urea, protected urea)
 - Lime applied
 - Manure management practices (housing, storage, landspreading)
 - Technology Adoption







Activity Data Projections / Assumptions – 2021

- 1. Animal Inventories
 - CSO June survey 2020 vs 2021
- 2. Chemical Fertiliser Sales
 - Sales data DAFM Sept 2020-October 2021
- 3. Technology adoption
 - Gaseous Emissions Mitigation
 - » LESS use to increase in line with historical trend
- Apply these changes to farms with the Teagasc NFS
 - Using 2020 as the base year



Cattle Numbers June 2020 vs 2021

Animal inventories	2020 vs 2021
Total cattle	0.61%
Dairy cows	2.35%
Other cows	-4.37%
Bulls	-3.45%
Cattle: 2 years and over	-10.06%
Cattle: 1-2 years	5.79%
Cattle: under 1 year	1.36%



Sheep Numbers June 2020 vs 2021

Animal inventories	2020 vs 2021
Total sheep	1.4%
Ewes	4.3%
Rams	0.2%
Other sheep	-1.4%



Chemical Fertiliser

	2020*	2021*	% change
Total	379,517	399,160	+5.2%
Straight CAN	122,167	140,127	14.7%
Straight Urea	43,976	40,687	-7.5%
Protected Urea	19,984	20,540	+2.8%
NK Compounds	3,600	2,947	-18.1%
NP Compounds	2,003	2,404	+20%
NPK Compounds	184,625	189,071	+2.4
Other N Fertilisers	3,162	3,384	+7.0

* September to October sales year (DAFM,2021)



GHG emissions tonnes per hectare by Farm System



GHG emissions tonnes per hectare Dairy Farms – IPCC Category



Dairy Farm Emissions (CO2e per ha) - 1 yr average

Dairy Farm Emissions (CO2e per ha) - 3 yr average



NH3 emissions kg per hectare – Farm System

Ammonia Emissions per hectare - 1 year average basis



NH3 emissions kg per hectare All Farms – Inventory Category







Summary / Conclusion

- Higher activity levels increased animal numbers and fertilisers applied in 2021
 - June cattle number +0.61%
 - » Dairy Cows +2.35%
 - Sheep numbers +1.4%
 - » Ewes +4.3%
 - Chemical N sales (Sept-Oct) up by +5.2%

• Absolute GHG Emissions in 2021 estimates:

- continued to increase on dairy farms (compared to preceding years)
- other farm systems static or in decline (cattle, sheep, tillage)

• Absolute NH3 Emissions in 2021 estimates:

Projected to decline across all farms systems on foot of LESS uptake

Technology adoption:

- Sales of protected urea fertiliser are stagnant
- Low emission slurry spreading use projected to increase significantly



Thank You

cathal.buckley@teagasc.ie

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