



## Assessing sustainability on European dairy farms based on case study data

### Lorraine Balaine<sup>1</sup>, Dominika Krol<sup>2</sup> and Cathal Buckley<sup>1</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Agricultural Economics and Farm Surveys, Teagasc, Athenry <sup>2</sup>Agricultural Gaseous Emissions, Teagasc, Johnstown Castle



**Contributors:** Habtamu Alem, Barbara Amon, Vasileios Anestis, Vincent Baillet, James Breen, Elisabeth Castellan, Xabier Díaz de Otálora, Federico Dragoni, Joanna Frątczak-Müller, Bjørn Egil Flø, Astrid Johansen, Grete Jørgensen, Gudbrand Lien, Divina Gracia P. Rodriguez, Anna Rychla, Úna Sinnott, Agnieszka Wawrzyniak, Aurélie Wilfart, and Wilfried Winiwarter

### **Presentation outline**

- 1. Motivation
- 2. Objectives
- 3. Farm data
- 4. Exploring individual sustainability metrics
- 5. Integrating the 3 sustainability dimensions into a single framework
- 6. Conclusions

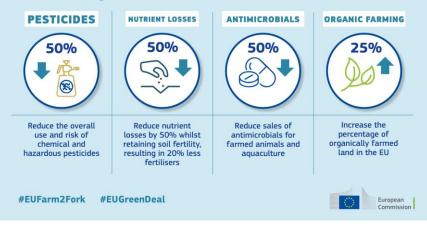


#### 1. Motivation

### Why assess farm sustainability?



#### 2030 Targets for sustainable food production



#### Policy reason

Track sustainability trends and allocate resources to achieve desired goals

#### Farmer and advisory reasons

Identify areas of improvements and tailor solutions for specific farm conditions



"What do you recommend for greenhouse gas?"



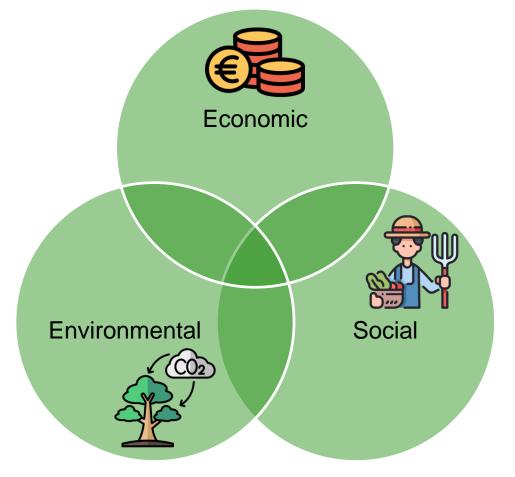
Marketing reason Demonstrate sustainability credentials to get a better price

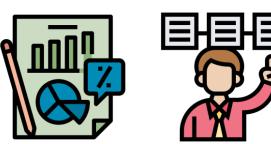


1. Motivation

### Why is this a complex task?

#### **Multidimensional concept**





Quantitative and qualitative aspects

Not always easy to observe or measure





With synergies and trade-offs

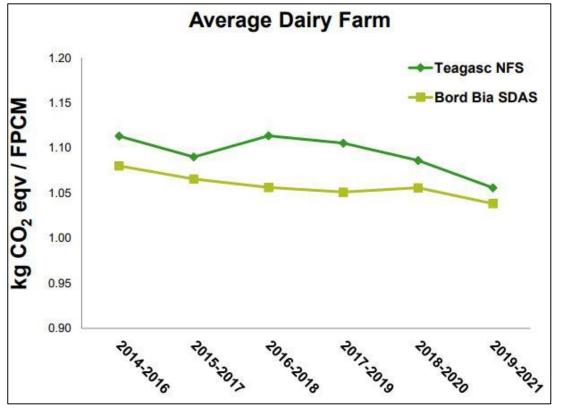


1. Motivation

### ... and to add to this complexity!

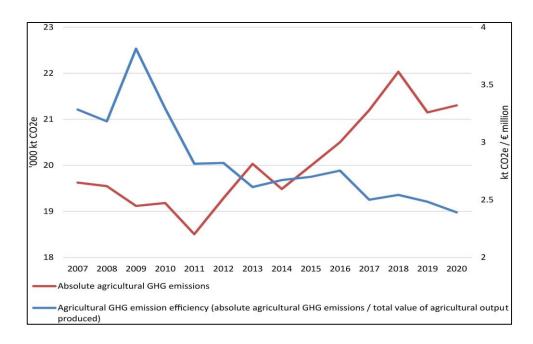


Wide variety of methods to measure the same sustainability aspects...



Source: 2021 Teagasc Sustainability Report

### Wide variety of ways to report the results...



#### Irish agricultural GHG emissions, 2007-2020

Source: EuroChoices, Volume: 21, Issue: 2, Pages: 52-57, 2022, DOI: (10.1111/1746-692X.12364). Based on EPA and CSO data.





- Individual metrics:
  - Can individual metrics tell us the sustainability story of the farm?
  - How can we choose which method and functional unit to use?
  - The forgotten dimension: How about social sustainability?
- Integrated metrics:
  - How can we integrate multiple sustainability aspects and dimensions into a single methodological framework ?





#### 3. Farm data

# First, a word about the data collection

- About 2 case studies per country, with a wide range of profiles
- Specialised dairy farms
- Face to face and phone interviews in the winter of 2021
- 2020 data





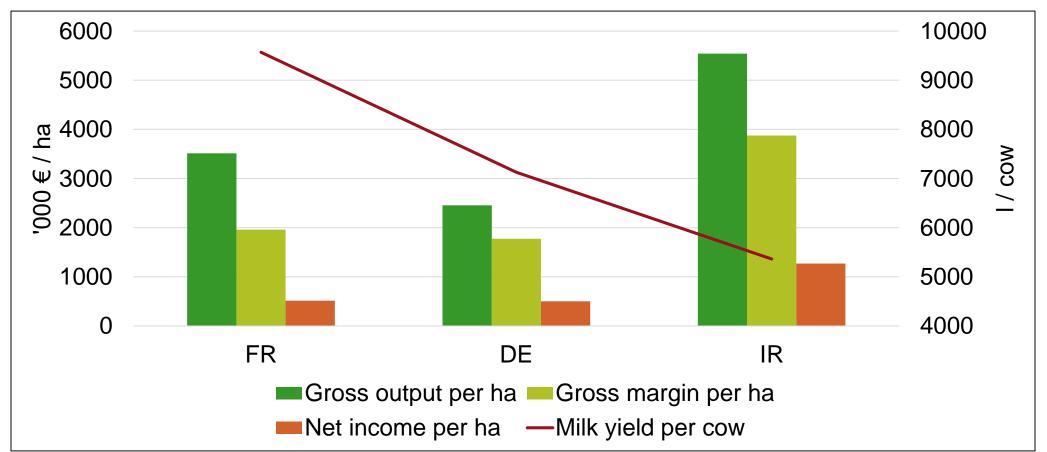
### **Characteristics of selected case study farms**

Characteristics	FR (conventional)	DE (organic)	IR (conventional)
UAA (ha)	103.5	230	87
Dairy herd size (cows)	75	110	185
Farm stocking rate (LU/ha)	1.26	0.55	2.70
Calving season (weeks)	40	52	11
Grazing season (days)	61	43	259
% grassland to UAA (%)	38.8	71.7	100
% dairy sales to total farm sales (%)	81.1	99.2	98.9

С

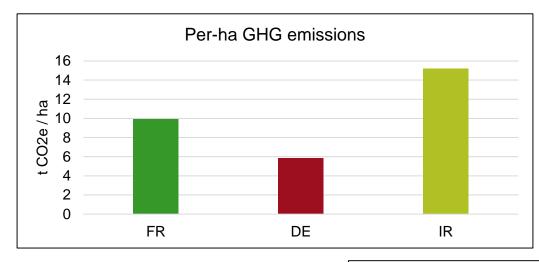
### **Describing farm sustainability through individual metrics: Economic dimension**

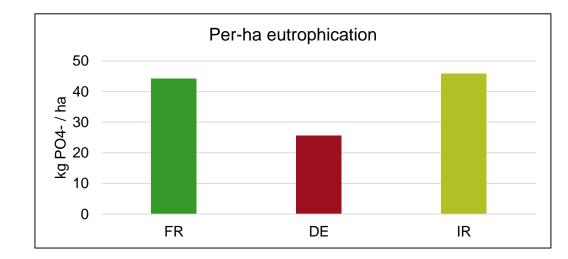


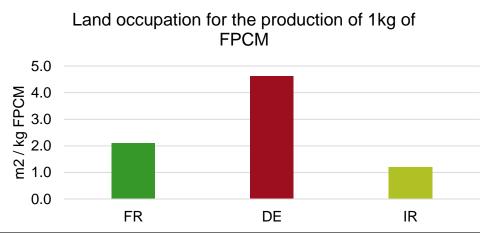




## Describing farm sustainability through individual metrics: Environmental dimension



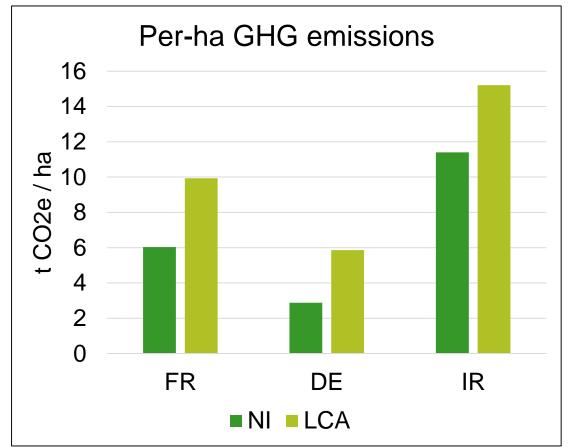






## Where different methods can lead to different results...

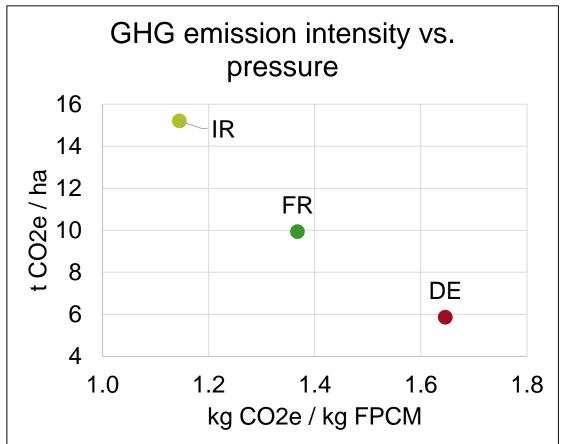
- Different system boundaries
  - +/- data necessary
- Different applications
  - Inventory vs. Life cycle approach
  - What implications?





## And different functional units can tell different stories...

- Related to farm characteristics
- Different applications
  - Environmental efficiency vs. pressure
  - What implications?





### **Mid-presentation lessons**



- Sustainability story sensitive to:
  - Metric
  - Method
  - Functional unit
- Selection criteria??
  - Adapted to objectives and relevant to users
  - Feasible (data-dependent)
  - Important to recognise limitations (and be upfront about them)!!!



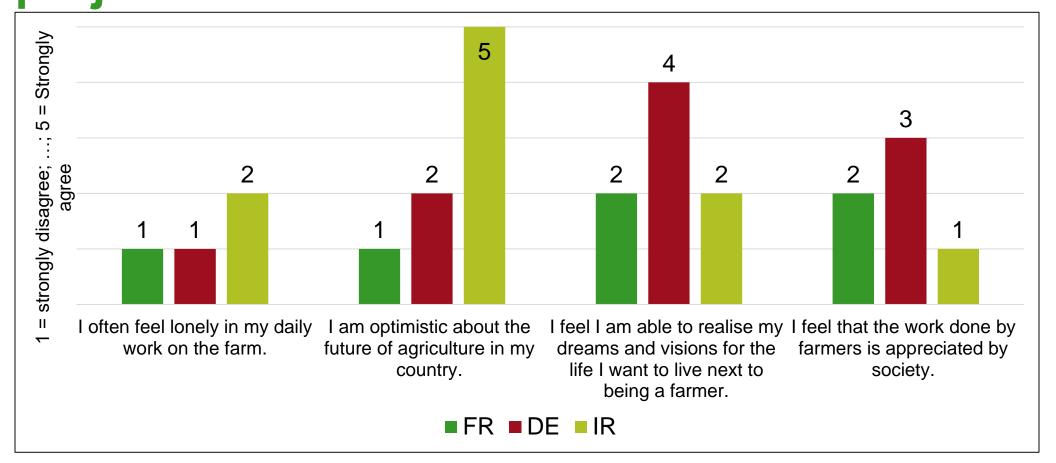
### The forgotten social dimension



- Difficult to define and thus measure
- Broadly divided into 2 subsets:
  - Internal: Well-being of farmer and his/her family
  - External: Society's expectations of agriculture (beyond productive function)
- 'Pragmatic' indicators, easily tracked over time
  - e.g., labour hours, animal health, product quality
- How about embracing the subjective nature of social sustainability?



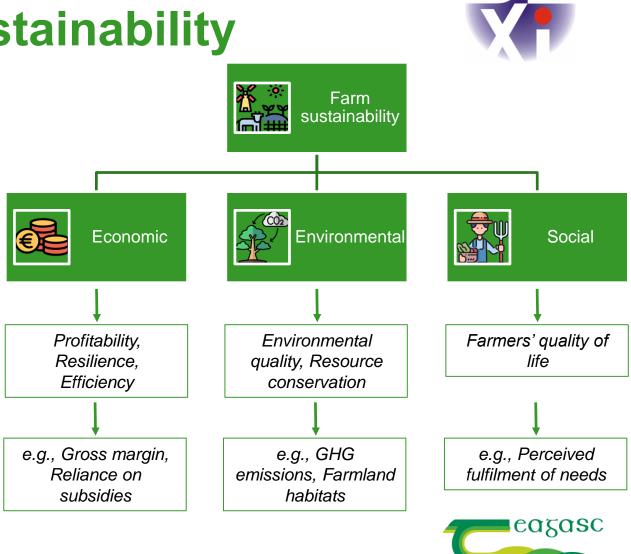
## Gauging farmers' perceptions in the music project





## Developing an integrated methodological to assess farm sustainability

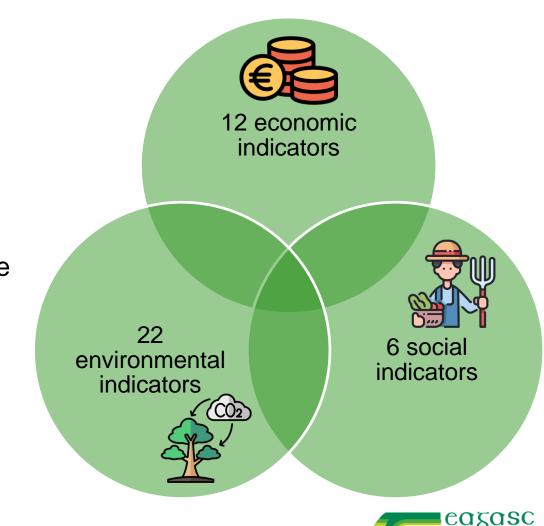
- Multi-criteria decision modelling method (Decision Expert, DEX)
- Hierarchical
  - Disaggregates problems into sub-problems until obtaining quantifiable indicators
  - Follows a tree structure, where answers to problems are aggregated at different levels



AGRICULTURE AND FOOD DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

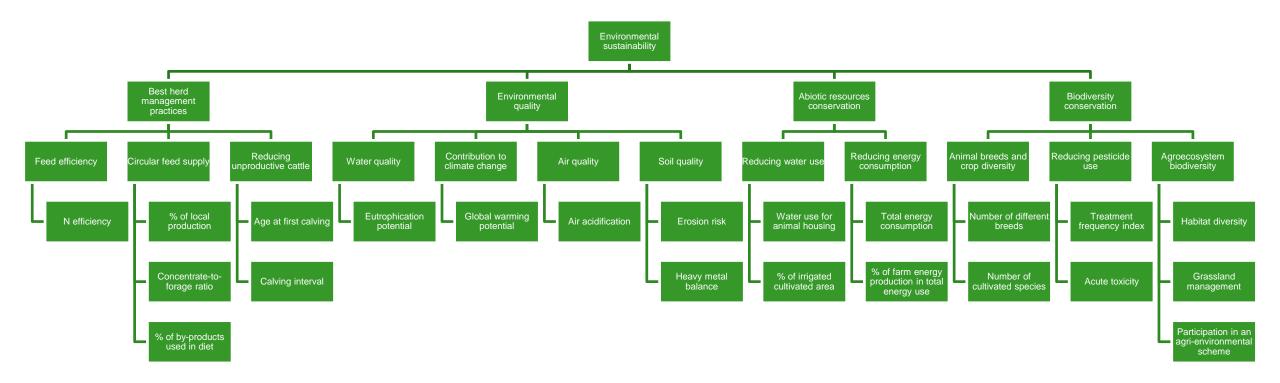
## Steps to construct the DEXi-Dairy's sustainability tree

- 1. We chose the tree structure and sustainability indicators.
- 2. We weighted sustainability aspects based on their relative importance.
- 3. For each sustainability indicator, we built a qualitative scale from low to high sustainability performance, based on reference values.
- 4. We populated the model with farm data.
- 5. We aggregated indicator scores to obtain farm sustainability scores.





## Example: DEXi-Dairy's environmental branch

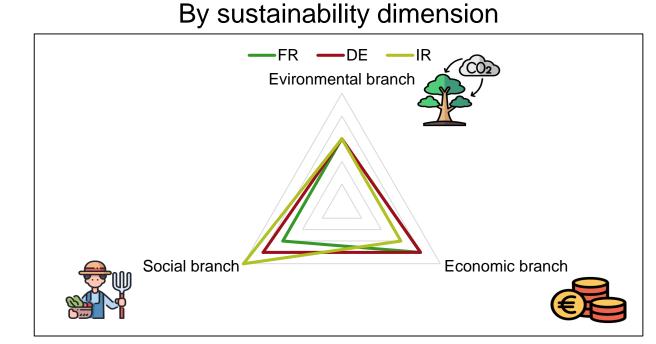




 $(CO_2)$ 

### Sustainability scores of 3 selected farms

Environmental branch	FR	IR	DE
Best dairy herd management practices			
Feed efficiency			
Circular feed supply			
Unproductive cattle			
Environmental quality			
Water quality			
Climate change			
Air quality			
Soil quality			
<b>Biodiversity conservation</b>			
Animal breeds and crop biodiversity			
Reducing pesticide use			
Agroecosystem Biodiversity			



#### Overall sustainability score

FR	IR	DE



### Conclusions



- Individual metrics can provide information about farm sustainability, but it is important to be as comprehensive as possible.
- Integrating sustainability metrics into a multi-criteria assessment can be a way of adopting this holistic view.
- Assessments are sensitive to metric selection, method, and functional unit, so it is important to be careful when interpreting results.
- No national sustainability conclusions can be inferred from case study results!



### Thank you for your attention!

### Contact:

- Lorraine.Balaine@Teagasc.ie
- Dominika.Krol@Teagasc.ie
- <u>Cathal.Buckley@Teagasc.ie</u>





@EragasMilKey https://www.milkey-project.eu/

